

	MEE 512 Thermofluids		
	Midterm, Duration 2 hrs		
Name:	Dec. 5, 2008	ID:	

1) (25 pts.) Water at 20oC is to be pumped from a reservoir ($z_A=2$ m) to another reservoir at a higher elevation ($z_B=9m$) thru two 25-m-long plastic pipes connected in parallel. The diameters of the two pipes are 3 cm and 5 cm. Water is to be pumped by a 68 percent efficient motor-pump unit that draws 7 kW of electric power during operation. The minor losses and the head loss in the pipes that connect the parallel pipes to the two reservoirs are considered to be negligible. Determine the total flow rate between the reservoirs and the flow rates thru each of the parallel pipes. Hint: Assume turbulent flow and iterate only once if needed. Lay down NEATLY all necessary equations

 $z_B = 9 \text{ m}$ 25 m 3 cm Reservoir A 5 cm $z_A = 2 \text{ m}$ Pump

2) (25 pts.) Heat exchangers often consist of many rectangular passage given in the figure below with L=30 cm and a cross section of side length a= 2 cm and b= 4 cm. If the average velocity is V=2m/s and the fluid is SAE 10 oil (ρ = 870 kg/m³ and μ = 0.104 kg/m·s) at 20°C, estimate the pressure drop.



3) (25 pts.) Water at 10 oC flows from a large reservir (gravity-driven) to a smaller one through a 5-cm-diameter cast iron piping system as shown. Determine the elevation z_1 for a flow rate of 6 L/s



4) (25 pts.) A cross-flow plate-fin heat exchanger with square cross-section passages is to be used for balanced flow of air, providing an effectiveness of 70%. When the flow rate is 0.33 kg/s, the allowable pressure drop is 330 Pa. Determine the equations as a function of p, H, and L suitable for the exchanger. Evaluate fluid properties at 320 K and 1 atm, and neglect the thermal resistance of the plates and fins. Find the value of p if H=L. Hint: take h_c= \boldsymbol{h}_h and assume laminar fully developed with а friction factor of $f = (57LH\mu)/(2\dot{m}p)$ and note that the perimeter of both streams is the same.

