



MATH 202: FINAL EXAM, JUNE 2ND 2004

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Problem #1. Find the general solution of the given system

$$X' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} X$$

Problem #2. Use the Laplace transform to solve the given integrodifferential equation.

$$\begin{cases} 9y'(t) + \int_0^t y(u)du = \delta(t-2) \\ y(0) = 0. \end{cases}$$

Problem #3. Use the Laplace transform to solve the given IVP.

$$y'' + 4y = f(t), \quad y(0) = y'(0) = 1.$$

Here the function f is given by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} e^{4t} & \text{if } t < 1, \\ 0 & \text{if } 1 \leq t \leq 2, \\ 2e^{4t} & \text{if } t > 2. \end{cases}$$

Problem #4. Solve the BVP:

$$\begin{cases} y'' + y = \frac{1}{\cos^3 x} \\ y(0) = \frac{1}{6} \\ y\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}}. \end{cases}$$

Problem #5. Use a power series centered at $x = 0$ to solve the following differential equation. You should find all the coefficients in the general solution until the term involving x^8 (inclusive). You do not have to find the general formula for the coefficients.

$$y'' - xy = 2.$$

Problem #6. Use the substitution $y = x^{-1}z(x)$ to transform the differential equation

$$4x^2y'' + 12xy' + (4x^2 + 3)y = 0$$

into a Bessel's differential equation. Then express the general solution of the above equation in terms of Bessel functions.

Problem #7. It is known that there exists n such that $\mu(x, y) = (x + y)^n$ is the integrating factor for

$$(4x + y + 3)dx + (3x + 3)dy = 0.$$

Find n and use it to solve the given equation.

Problem #8.

- (1) Find at least two solutions of the IVP:

$$\begin{cases} y' = 3y^{\frac{2}{3}} \\ y(0) = 0. \end{cases}$$

- (2) State the existence and uniqueness theorem related to the IVP given in this problem.
- (3) Explain why the fact that our IVP has more than one solution does not contradict the theorem.