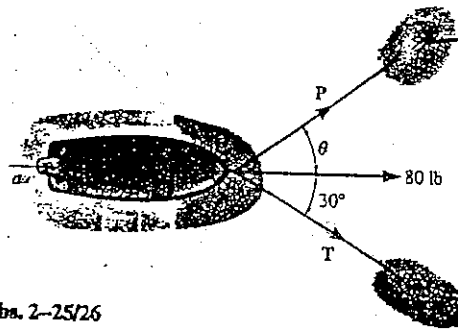


# CIVE 210

\*1-12. The specific weight (wt./vol.) of brass is  $520 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ . Determine its density (mass/vol.) in SI units. Use an appropriate prefix.

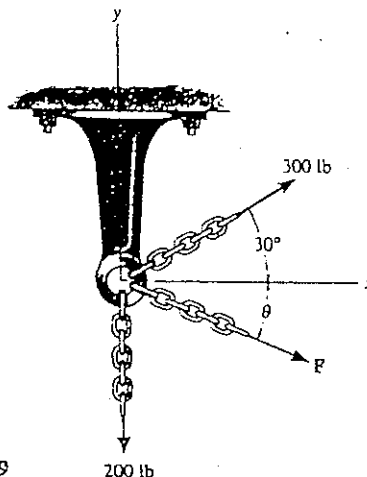
1-17. Using the base units of the SI system, show that Eq. 1-2 is a dimensionally homogeneous equation which gives  $F$  in newtons. Compute the gravitational force acting between two identical spheres that are touching each other. The mass of each sphere is  $150 \text{ kg}$ , and the radius is  $275 \text{ mm}$ .  
 EQ 1-2  $F = G M_1 M_2 / R^2$

2-26. The boat is to be pulled onto the shore using two ropes. If the resultant force is to be  $80 \text{ lb}$ , directed along the keel  $aa$  as shown, determine the magnitudes of forces  $T$  and  $P$  acting in each rope and the angle  $\theta$  of  $P$  so that the magnitude of  $P$  is a *minimum*.  $T$  acts at  $30^\circ$  from the keel as shown.



Probs. 2-25/26

2-29. Three chains act on the bracket such that they create a resultant force having a magnitude of  $500 \text{ lb}$ . If two of the chains are subjected to known forces, as shown, determine the orientation  $\theta$  of the third chain, measured clockwise from the positive  $x$  axis, so that the magnitude of force  $F$  in this chain is a *minimum*. All forces lie in the  $x$ - $y$  plane. What is the magnitude of  $F$ ? *Hint:* First find the resultant of the two known forces. Force  $F$  acts in this direction.



Probs. 2-29

200 lb