

# **Discrete Mathematics**

Topic 2 – Logic: Apps. On Prop. Logic  
(Ch 1.2)\*

CMPS 211 – American University of Beirut

\* Extracted from *Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications* book slides

# Translating English Sentences

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- ▶ Translating English sentences into expressions involving propositional variables and connectives is important
  - ▶ Remove the ambiguity of English language
  - ▶ Be able to logically reason about the sentences using valid **rules of inference**
- ▶ **Example:**
  - ▶ You cannot ride the roller coaster if you are under 4 feet tall unless you are older than 16 years old”
- ▶ **Solution:**
  - ▶  $q =$  “You can ride the roller coaster”
  - ▶  $r =$  “You are under 4 feet tall”
  - ▶  $s =$  “You are older than 16 years old”
  - ▶  $(r \wedge \neg s) \rightarrow \neg q$

# System Specifications

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- ▶ System and Software engineers take requirements in English and express them in a **precise** manner using logic
- ▶ Example:
  - ▶ Express in propositional logic “the automated reply cannot be sent when the file system is full”
- ▶ One possible solution:
  - ▶ Let  $p$  denote “The automated reply can be sent” and  $q$  denote “The file system is full”
  - ▶  $q \rightarrow \neg p$

# Testing Consistency of System Specifications

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- ▶ Definition:

- ▶ A list of specifications is **consistent** if it is possible to assign truth values (true or false) to the propositional variables so that each specification is true

# Testing Consistency Exercise

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- ▶ Are these specifications consistent?
  - ▶ “The diagnostic message is stored in the buffer or it is retransmitted”
  - ▶ “The diagnostic message is not stored in the buffer”
  - ▶ “If the diagnostic message is stored in the buffer, then it is retransmitted”
- ▶ Solution:
  - ▶ Let  $p$  denote “The diagnostic message is stored in the buffer”
  - ▶ Let  $q$  denote “The diagnostic message is retransmitted”
  - ▶ The specification can be written as:  $p \vee q, \neg p, p \rightarrow q$
  - ▶ When  $p$  is false and  $q$  is true all three statements are true
  - ▶ So the specifications are consistent

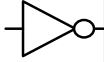
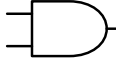


# Testing Consistency Exercise 2

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- ▶ Are these specifications consistent?
  - ▶ “The diagnostic message is stored in the buffer or it is retransmitted”
  - ▶ “The diagnostic message is not stored in the buffer”
  - ▶ “If the diagnostic message is stored in the buffer, then it is retransmitted”
  - ▶ “The diagnostic message is not retransmitted”
- ▶ Solution:
  - ▶ Now we are adding  $\neg q$  and there is no satisfying assignment
  - ▶ So the specifications are **no longer consistent**

# Alternative Notations for Logic Operators

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Name:	not	and	or	xor	implies	iff
Propositional logic:	$\neg$	$\wedge$	$\vee$	$\oplus$	$\rightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$
Boolean algebra:	$\bar{p}$	$pq$	$+$	$\oplus$		
Logic gates:						

Any Questions?