

American University of Beirut
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture
Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

EECE 290 – Analog System Processing – Spring 2009

EXAM 1 – Friday March 27, 2009

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Name: _____

ID Number: _____

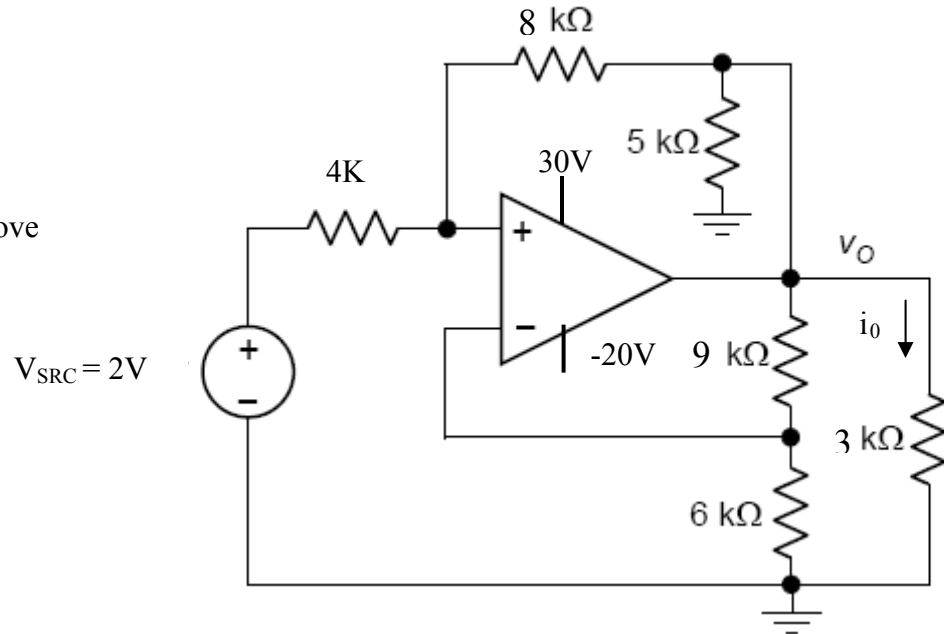
Read the following instructions carefully:

- The duration of the exam is **90 minutes**.
- The exam consists of 10 pages and 15 questions. You can use the question sheets for scratch.
- All questions have the same weight. Total achievable points: **100**.
- **No questions** will be answered during the exam.
- Programmable calculators are not allowed.
- **Provide your answers on the computer card only using a pencil.**
- Return the computer card attached to the question sheet.
- Mark with a pencil your last name.
- Mark with a pencil your ID number.
- You don't need to fill the field "Test ID".
- When using an eraser, make sure you erased well.
- When you finish the exam bring all of your belongings to the front of the room and hand in the exam. Then leave the room immediately.
- **Enjoy and Good Luck!**

<u>$f(t) (t > 0-)$</u>	<u>$F(s)$</u>	<u>$f(t) (t > 0-)$</u>	<u>$F(s)$</u>
$\delta(t)$	1	$\frac{df(t)}{dt}$	$sF(s) - f(0^-)$
$u(t)$	$\frac{1}{s}$	$\int_0^t f(x) dx$	$\frac{F(s)}{s}$
t	$\frac{1}{s^2}$	$f(t - a)u(t - a), a > 0$	$e^{-as}F(s)$
e^{-at}	$\frac{1}{s + a}$	$e^{-at}f(t)$	$F(s + a)$
$\sin \omega t$	$\frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$	$f(at), a > 0$	$\frac{1}{a}F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$
$\cos \omega t$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2}$	$tf(t)$	$-\frac{dF(s)}{ds}$

1. Determine the current i_0 in mA.

- A. 4
- B. 2.5
- C. 6.7
- D. 5
- E. None of the above

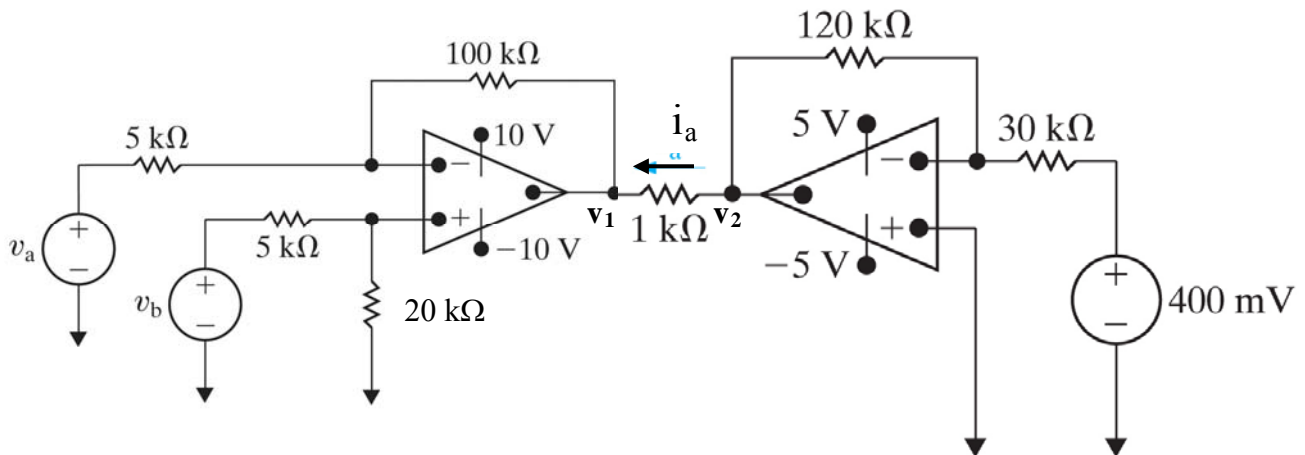


2. In the previous problem, what is the range of the V_{SRC} to keep the op amp working in the linear region.

- A. $-4V \leq V_{SRC} \leq 3V$
- B. $-2V \leq V_{SRC} \leq 3V$
- C. $-3V \leq V_{SRC} \leq 2V$
- D. $-3V \leq V_{SRC} \leq 4V$
- E. None of the above

3. Determine the voltage v_1 in Volts given that $v_a = 0.1\text{V}$ and $v_b = 0.2\text{V}$.

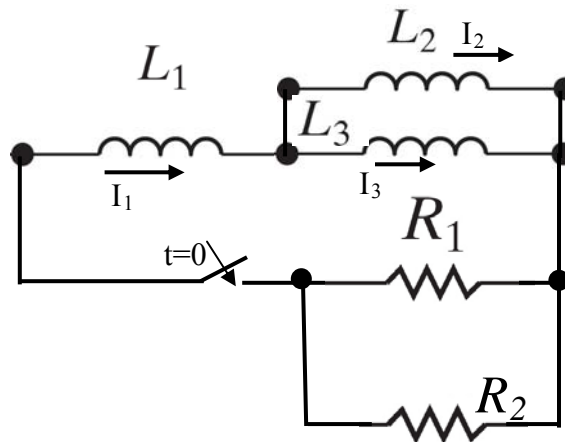
- A. 1.36 V
- B. 3.4 V
- C. 2.2 V
- D. 4.1 V
- E. None of the above



4. Determine the current i_a in mA in the previous problem. Hint: start by finding v_2

- A. 3.8mA
- B. -3.8mA
- C. 2.96mA
- D. -2.96 mA
- E. None of the above

5.



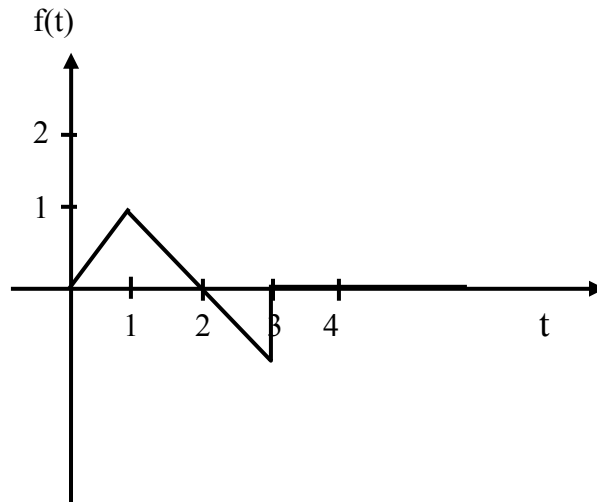
The switch closes at time $t = 0$, with initial currents in the inductors $I_1(0^-) = 5\text{A}$, $I_2(0^-) = 3\text{A}$, $I_3(0^-) = 2\text{A}$. Given that $L_1 = 3\text{mH}$, $L_2 = 4\text{mH}$, $L_3 = 4\text{mH}$, $R_1 = 5\text{K}\Omega$, $R_2 = 20\text{K}\Omega$. Find the total energy dissipated in R_1 and R_2 .

- A. 87.5 mW
- B. 43.75 mW
- C. 31.25 mW
- D. 62.5 mW
- E. None of the above

6. What is the energy trapped in the system of problem 5 as $t \rightarrow \infty$.

- A. 1 mW
- B. 1.5 mW
- C. 2 mW
- D. 2.5 mW
- E. None of the above

7. Find the Laplace transform of df/dt .



- A. $\frac{1 - 2e^{-2s} + (s-1)e^{-3s}}{s}$
- B. $\frac{1 - 2e^{-s} + (1+s)e^{-3s}}{s}$
- C. $\frac{0.5 - 1.5e^{-2s} + (1+s)e^{-4s}}{s}$
- D. $\frac{0.5 - 2.5e^{-3s} + (s-1)e^{-4s}}{s}$

E. None of the above

8. Given that the hyperbolic sine is: $\sinh at = \frac{e^{at} - e^{-at}}{2}$. Find $\mathcal{L}\{e^{-3t} \sinh 2t\}$.

- A. $3 / (s^2 + 4s - 5)$
- B. $s / (s^2 + 6s - 5)$
- C. $2 / (s^2 + 6s + 5)$
- D. $s / (s^2 + 4s + 5)$
- E. None of the above

9. Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = (2t + 3t^2)^2$

A. $(8s^2 + 72s + 216)/s^5$

B. $(24s^2 + 6s + 2)/s^5$

C. $(18s^2 + 72s + 96)/s^5$

D. $(24s^2 + 12s + 8)/s^5$

E. None of the above

10. Given that $F(s) = \frac{8s^2 + 4s + 6}{(2s + 3)(s + 4)}$, find $f(t)$, the inverse Laplace of $F(s)$.

A. $4t + (3.4 e^{-1.5t} - 22.4 e^{-4t})u(t)$

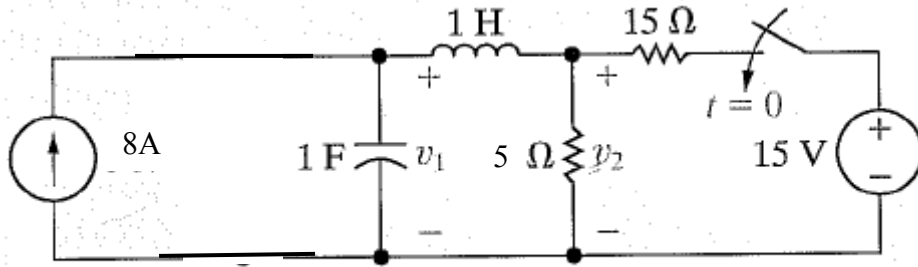
B. $4\delta(t) + (3.6 e^{-1.5t} - 23.6 e^{-4t})u(t)$

C. $(7.2 e^{-1.5t} - 23.6 e^{-4t})u(t)$

D. $4\delta(t) + (3.4 e^{-1.5t} - 22.4 e^{-4t})u(t)$

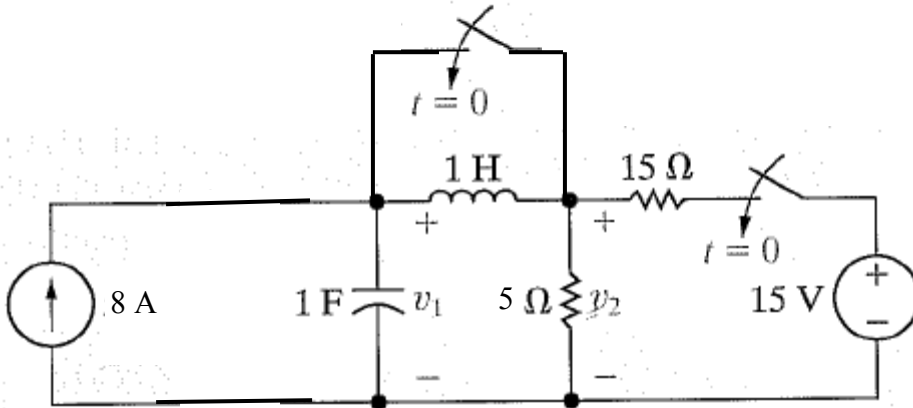
E. None of the above

11. The switch has been open for a long time. It closes at $t=0$. Find $v_2(0^+)$.



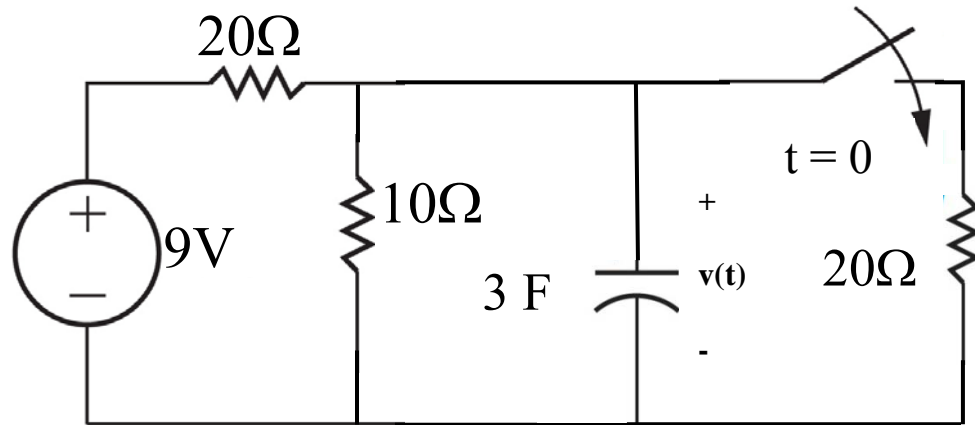
- A. 22.5V
- B. 15 V
- C. 40 V
- D. 33.75V
- E. None of the above

12. The switches have been open for a long time. They close at $t=0$. Find $V_1(s)$.



- A. $(40s + 5) / (s^2 + 3.75 s)$
- B. $(25s + 6) / (s^2 + 0.27 s)$
- C. $(40s + 6) / (s^2 + 0.27 s)$
- D. $(25s + 5) / (s^2 + 3.75 s)$
- E. None of the above

13. The switch closes at $t=0$. Find $v(t)$ in volts for $t \geq 0$, t is in seconds..



A. $2.25 + 0.75e^{-0.067t}$

B. $2.75 + 0.5e^{-0.033t}$

C. $2.5 + 1.5e^{-0.05t}$

D. $3 + 2e^{-0.1t}$

E. None of the above

14. The switch opens again at $t = 10$ sec. Find $v(t)$ for $t \geq 10$ sec.

A. $2 - 0.63e^{-0.067(t-10)}$

B. $4 - 0.6e^{-0.038(t-10)}$

C. $2.5 - 0.5e^{-0.067(t-10)}$

D. $3 - 0.37e^{-0.05(t-10)}$

E. None of the above

15. For the following circuit, $L = 8\text{H}$, $C = 2\text{F}$, $R = 10\Omega$. Choose the right answer:

- A. The response is overdamped
- B. The response is critically damped.
- C. The response is underdamped.
- D. This is the natural response of parallel RLC circuit.
- E. None of the above.

