

American University of Beirut Dr. H. Yamani Name:

Math 102 Final Exam Fall 2003

\*\*\*\*GOOD LUCK\*\*\*\*

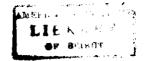
1 Determine each of the following.

$$\int \frac{x^3 - x^2 + 2x}{x^2 + 2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2x-x^2}}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{16x^2 - 9}}{x} dx$$

 $x \ge 3/4$ 

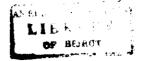


$$\int_{-\infty}^{0} xe^{3x} dx$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^8 + 1}}$$

$$\int_{0}^{2} \frac{dx}{1 - x^{2}}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left( \frac{5x+2}{5x-3} \right)^x$$



2 What curve is given by the following parametric representations  $x = 3 + 2 \cos 2t$   $y = 5 + 3 \sin 2t$ 

3 Find the equation of the plane through the point (2,4,5) perpendicular to the line x = 5 + t, y = 1 + 3t, z = 4t

 $\stackrel{\checkmark}{\rightarrow}$  Find the area of a triangle with vertices P(1, 3, 2), Q(2,1,-1), R(-3,1,5)

5 Find the angle between the planes 2x + 2y - z = 3, x + 2y + z = 2



6 Find the length of the curve  $r = cos^3(\theta/3)$ ,  $0 \le \theta \le \pi/4$ 

7. Find the area of the region shared by the circles  $r = 4 \cos \theta$  and  $r = 4 \sin \theta$ 

8. A force  $\mathbf{F} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}$  Newtons is applied to a spacecraft with velocity vector  $\mathbf{v} = 3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}$ . Express  $\mathbf{F}$  as a sum of a vector parallel to  $\mathbf{v}$  and a vector orthogonal to  $\mathbf{v}$ .