

CHEMISTRY 200
Final

Spring 96-97
1½ Hours

Family Name _____
First Name _____
ID No _____

Instructions

Answer all questions

All answers must be clearly indicated by a vertical line in the box of your choice on the answer sheet as indicated below:

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If you make a mistake cross it out, as indicated below:

X

There is only one correct answer per question

There is no penalty for a wrong answer

If more than one box is filled per question (except to cross out mistakes), then that question will not be graded

Constants and data

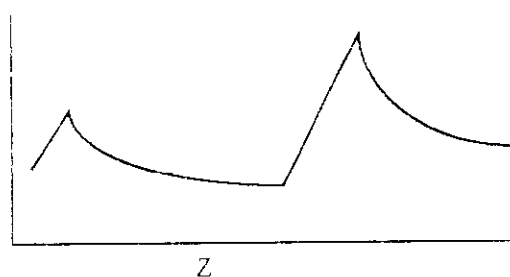
$R = 0.082 \text{ L}\cdot\text{atm}/\text{K}\cdot\text{mol}$

Avogadro's number $6.023 \times 10^{23} \text{ amu/g}$

Molar volume of ideal gas at STP $= 22.4 \text{ L}$

1. Convert 75.2mg to Kg
 - a 7.52×10^{-4}
 - b 75.2×10^{-3}
 - c 7.52×10^{-2}
 - d 75.2×10^{-2}
2. The correct structure of chlorous acid is
 - a HClO_3
 - b HCl
 - c HClO_2
 - d HClO
3. Xenon has a freezing point of 133 K. What is its freezing point on the Fahrenheit scale?
 - a -140
 - b -220
 - c -96
 - d -150
4. Find the number of moles of atoms in 0.14g of nitrogen
 - a 0.10
 - b 0.05
 - c 0.02
 - d 0.01
5. The crystal with dimensions $a=b=c$ and angles $\alpha=\beta=90^\circ$ and $\gamma=90^\circ$ represents
 - a triclinic
 - b hexagonal
 - c monoclinic
 - d orthorhombic
6. A gas at 27°C occupies 1000 mL of space. What will be its volume at 127°C .
 - a 4703 mL
 - b 1333 mL
 - c 14814 mL
 - d 1465 mL
7. The process of separating two liquids is called
 - a volatilization
 - b evaporation
 - c condensation
 - d distillation
8. Calculate the solubility of the salt BaSO_4 in g/L, given that $K_{sp}=1.5 \times 10^{-9}$
 - a 3.9×10^{-5}
 - b 6.18×10^{-10}
 - c 9.2×10^{-5}
 - d 2.35×10^{-5}

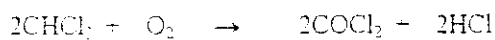
9. The graph below represents _____ Vs atomic number



- a atomic radius
b ionization
c electron affinity
d electrostatic force
10. Determine the pH of a 0.0001 M NaOH solution
- a 4
b 8
c 12
d 10
11. Calculate ΔH° for the combustion of 1 mole of methane given the following information

	ΔH° (Kcal/mol)
$\text{CH}_4(g)$	-17.9
$\text{CO}_2(g)$	-94.1
$\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$	-68.3

- a -212.8
b -144.5
c -248.6
d 248.6
12. If 35.4g of CHCl_3 reacts with 6.40g of O_2 in the reaction below, what is the limiting reagent.



- a COCl_2
b O_2
c HCl
d CHCl_3
13. For the redox reaction

$$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-} + 6\text{Fe}^{2+} + 14\text{H}^+ \rightarrow 2\text{Cr}^{3+} + 6\text{Fe}^{3+} + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$$
 which substance is reduced

- a Cr^{3+}
b H^+
c $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$
d Fe^{2+}

14. Commercial tomato juice has a hydrogen concentration of 25×10^{-6} mol/litre. Calculate its pOH

- a 4.6
- b 6.0
- c 9.4
- d 1.4

15. Which of the following is a Bronsted-Lowry acid

- a HSO_4^-
- b NaH
- c SO_3^{2-}
- d none of the above

16. The formal charges on the Carbon and Oxygen atom in carbon monoxide are

- | | <u>C</u> | <u>O</u> |
|---|----------|----------|
| a | 0 | 0 |
| b | +1 | -1 |
| c | -1 | +1 |
| d | 0 | +1 |

For question 17 and 18 the following information for benzene is given:

bp 80.10°C

fp 5.5°C

Kb 2.53°C/m

Kf 5.12°C/m

17. Calculate the bp of a solution of 9.75g of nitrobenzene ($\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NO}_2$) in 175g of benzene

- a 1.15
- b 81.25
- c 82.4
- d 77.57°

18. Calculate the fp of a solution of 9.75g of nitrobenzene ($\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NO}_2$) in 175g of benzene

- a -7.8
- b -4.36
- c 5.5
- d 3.18

19. Calculate the percent by mass of a 6.0 M aqueous sulphuric acid solution (density 1.34 g/ml)

- a 12
- b 56
- c 44
- d 6

20. Which of the following statement is correct about the kinetic theory of gases

- a The forces of attraction between gas molecules decrease as the molecules move closer together
- b All gases are composed of molecules
- c Gas molecules move faster when the temperature rises and slower when the temperature drops
- d none of the above

21. What is the empirical formula of a compound that has 23.8% C, 5.9% H and 70.3% Cl by weight

- a C_2H_2Cl
- b $C_2H_2Cl_2$
- c $C_2H_2Cl_3$
- d CH_2Cl

22. Predict which of the following reactions can occur

- a $Cu + 2HCl \rightarrow CuCl_2 + H_2$
- b $2Al + 3Zn(NO_3)_2 \rightarrow 2Al(NO_3)_3 + 3Zn$
- c $Ni + AlCl_3 \rightarrow NiCl_2 + Al$
- d none of the above

23. The following materials can be classified into one of the four types of crystalline solids. Which is the correct order

	<u>Ionic</u>	<u>Molecular</u>	<u>Atomic-Metallic</u>	<u>AtomicNonmetallic</u>
a	calcium	diamond	CsF	sucrose
b	sucrose	calcium	diamond	CsF
c	CsF	sucrose	calcium	diamond
d	diamond	CsF	sucrose	calcium

24. If the K_{sp} of CaF_2 is 1.7×10^{-10} at $25^\circ C$ then the concentration of the fluoride ion in a saturated aqueous solution of CaF_2 at $25^\circ C$ is given by

- a $K_{sp} = x^2$
- b $K_{sp} = 2x^2$
- c $K_{sp} = 4x^2$
- d $K_{sp} = 4x^3$

25. The hydrofluoric acid in a 0.040 M solution is 13.4 % ionized. Calculate K_a for HF

- a 1.2×10^{-3}
- b 1.5×10^{-1}
- c 7.2×10^{-4}
- d 8.3×10^{-4}

26. How many carbon atoms are there in 0.44g of carbon dioxide

- a 1.2×10^{23}
- b 6.023×10^{25}
- c 6.023×10^{21}
- d 8.21×10^{10}

27. The specific heat of aluminium is 0.214 cal/g.deg. Calculate the heat necessary to raise the temperature of 40.0g of aluminium from $20^\circ C$ to $32.3^\circ C$

- a 105 cal
- b 171 cal
- c 276 cal
- d 95 cal

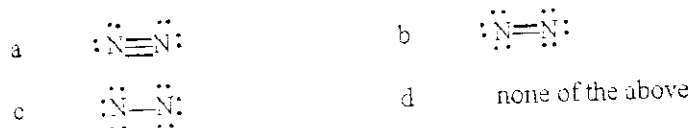
28. Dalton's law states that
- at constant temperature a fixed mass of gas occupies a volume inversely proportional to the pressure exerted on it
 - at constant pressure the volume occupied by a fixed mass of gas is directly proportional to the absolute temperature
 - the total pressure exerted by a mixture of gases is equal to the sum of the partial pressures of the various gases
 - none of the above
29. How many ^{17}O atoms are there in a sample containing 1×10^6 oxygen atoms if the natural abundance of ^{17}O is 0.037%.
- 37
 - 370
 - 3700
 - 37000

30. Which represents a basic SI unit
- candela
 - ounces
 - feet
 - none of the above

31. Which is the correct answer showing the maximum number of electrons in a sublevel

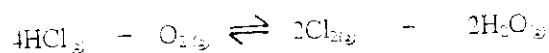
	d	p	s	g	f
a	2	6	10	18	14
b	18	10	14	6	2
c	10	6	2	18	14
d	10	6	2	14	18

32. The Lewis structure for N_2 is represented by



33. Determine the number of grams of H_2 gas present in a 2.0 litre container at a temperature of 12°C and a pressure of 2280 torr
- 0.36g
 - 0.12g
 - 28.4g
 - 0.018g

34. For the Deacon process used in the preparation of chlorine gas, using Le Chatelier's principle which of the following is the correct statement



- concentration of O_2 increased; equilibrium shifts to the left
- concentration of H_2O decreased; equilibrium shifts to the left
- volume increased; equilibrium shifts to the right
- pressure increased; equilibrium shifts to the right

35. Suppose we collect a sample of oxygen gas over water at 27°C and at a pressure of 750 torr. The gas fills a 500 mL container but has water vapour mixed in with it. What would be the volume of the dry gas at STP if the vapour pressure of water at 27°C is 26.74 torr.

a 18 mL
b 450 mL
c 433 mL
d 460 mL

36. How many grams of $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ are there in a 50 mL of a 3.0 N solution

a 5.6
b 55.5
c 0.0041
d 11.2

37. Calculate the oxidation number of Cr in H_2CrO_4

a 6
b 10
c 3
d 2

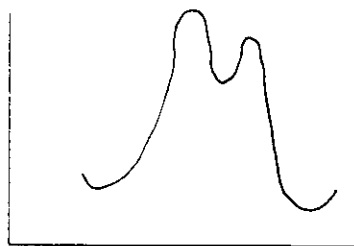
38. The density of a certain gas is 1.3 g/L at STP. Calculate the g molecular mass of the gas

a 58.2
b 0.058
c 17.2
d 29.1

39. The reaction of a metal oxide – nonmetal oxide is an example of

a combination
b single displacement
c double displacement
d decomposition

40. The energy diagram below represents a



a exothermic reaction
b two-step reaction
c endothermic reaction
d none of the above

41. Which of the following is a polar molecule
- BF_2
 - NH_3
 - BF_3
 - NH_4^+
42. The density of hydrogen gas at STP in g/litre is
- 2.0
 - 0.32
 - 0.089
 - 22.4
43. Which of the following is the symbol used for positrons
- ^0_+e
 - γ
 - 1_0n
 - $^0_{-1}e$
44. Approximately 2.5g of strontium-90, was formed in a 1960 atomic explosion. The half-life of strontium-90 is 28 years. In what year will only 0.3125 g of this strontium-90 ~~be~~ remain?
- 2044
 - 1988
 - 2082
 - 2016
45. Calculate the pH of a buffer solution made by adding 0.001 mole sodium hydroxide to 200 ml of 0.50M acetic acid and 0.50M sodium acetate (K_a for acetic acid = 1.8×10^{-5})
- 4.75
 - 4.76
 - 4.74
 - 4.77
46. Calculate the equilibrium concentration of acetic acid in a 0.50M acetic acid solution at 25°C.
- 3×10^{-3} mole/litre
 - 6×10^{-3} mole/litre
 - 0.497 mole/litre
 - 0.994 mole/litre
47. You add 5.85g of sodium chloride to 1000g of water. What is the boiling point of the solution if K_b for water is 0.52°C/m
- 99.948
 - 100.052
 - 99.896
 - 100.104

48. Give the answer of $4.20 \times 10^{-3} - 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$ to the correct significant figure

- a 4.32×10^{-3}
- b 4.3×10^{-3}
- c 4.3×10^{-7}
- d 4.32×10^{-7}

49. Calculate the percent dissociation of acetic acid in a solution containing 0.1 M acetic acid and 0.5 M hydrochloric acid. $K_a = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$

- a 3.6×10^{-6}
- b 3.6×10^{-3}
- c 3.6×10^{-2}
- d 1.8×10^{-6}

50. Which of the following represents a nuclear fission reaction

- a ${}^4_2\text{He} + {}^{14}_7\text{N} \rightarrow {}^1_1\text{H} + {}^{17}_8\text{O}$
- b ${}^{82}_{35}\text{Br} \rightarrow {}^0_{+1}\text{e} + {}^{82}_{36}\text{Kr}$
- c ${}^{226}_{88}\text{Ra} \rightarrow {}^4_2\text{He} + {}^{222}_{86}\text{Rn}$
- d ${}^{235}_{92}\text{U} + {}^1_0\text{n} \rightarrow {}^{94}_{38}\text{Sr} + {}^{139}_{54}\text{Xe} + 3 {}^1_0\text{n}$

ANSWER SHEET

Family Name _____

First Name _____

ID No _____

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