<u>QUIZ 2</u>

Fall 2004-2005 (Monday, January 10, 2005) CIVE310 - MECHANICS OF MATERIALS CLOSED BOOK, 1 ½ HOURS

<u>Name:</u>				<u>ID#:</u>	
<i>P/A;</i>	Tc/J;	Mc/I			
<i>bh³/12;</i>	ΠR^2 ;	$2\Pi Rt;$	$\Pi R^{4}/2;$	$2\Pi R^3 t$	

<u>NOTES</u>

- 3 PROBLEMS 12 PAGES.
- ALL YOUR <u>ANSWERS</u> SHOULD BE PROVIDED ON THE QUESTION SHEETS.
- TWO EXTRA SHEETS ARE PROVIDED AT THE END.
- ASK FOR ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF YOU NEED MORE SPACE.
- SOME ANSWERS MAY REQUIRE MUCH LESS THAN THE SPACE PROVIDED.
- DO NOT USE THE BACK OF THE SHEETS FOR ANSWERS.
- <u>DRAFT</u> BOOKLET WILL BE PROVIDED; BUT DO NOT USE FOR ANSWERS.
- BOTH QUESTION SHEETS AND DRAFT BOOKLET SHOULD BE <u>RETURNED</u>.
- CHECK BOXES ARE FOR YOU TO CONFIRM THAT HAVE SOLVED A QUESTION

YOUR COMMENT(S)

DO NOT WRITE IN THE SPACE BELOW

MY COMMENT(S)

YOUR GRADE

 Problem I: ____/20

 Problem II: ____/35

 Problem III: ____/45

 Other: ____

TOTAL: /100

Problem I: (20 points)



The block shown in <u>Figure I</u> is made of a magnesium alloy for which the modulus of elasticity $E= 50,000 \text{ MPa} (\text{N/mm}^2)$ and Poisson's ratio v= 1/3. Assume linear elastic behavior, and given that $\sigma_X = 180 \text{ MPa}$ in compression, determine the following:

- 1. The magnitude of $\sigma_{\rm Y}$ for which the change in height L_Y of the block is zero. (5 points)
- 2. The corresponding change in the horizontal area (XZ Plane). (7 points)
- 3. The corresponding change in volume using 2 different methods and compare. (8 points)

Calculations and/or Diagrams:

Calculations and/or Diagrams (cont'd):

Problem II:(35 points)



The weightless shaft shown in Figure II is made of a <u>thick</u> tube. Assuming linear elastic behavior, and given that the allowable shear stress τ_{all} is 70,000 kPa (kN/m²) and shear modulus G is 200x10⁶ kPa (kN/m²), determine:

- 1. The maximum torque T which can be applied, and plot the shear stress distribution on the cross section. Calculate the torsional stiffness and the rotation at the free end. (13 points)
- 2. The maximum torque which can be applied on a *solid* shaft of same weight and material (i.e. same cost). Compare with question 1 and briefly discuss. (*10 points*)
- 3. The diameter and cross-section area of a *thin* shaft of thickness t=1 cm which will result in the same torque capacity as the thick shaft in Figure II; compare cost and briefly discuss. (*12 points*)

Calculations and/or Diagrams:

Calculations and/or Diagrams (cont'd):

Calculations and/or Diagrams (cont'd):

Problem III: (45 points)



A steel I-beam with overhanging ends is subjected to a uniformly distributed load w, as shown in <u>Figure III</u>. The dimensions of the beam are shown on the cross-section. The yield stress in tension and compression is $\sigma_{rT} = \sigma_{rC} = 200 \text{ MPa} (\text{N/mm}^2)$ and the factor of safety assumed is 1.6.

- 1. Draw the shear and bending moment diagram of the beam. (10 points)
- 2. Determine the axial flexural stresses at the critical sections of maximum negative and positive moments, and briefly discuss safety. (10 points)
- 3. Compute the moment capacity of the section in tension and compression, and determine the maximum additional allowable uniform load Δw that can be added to the beam safely. (15 points)
- 4. Compute the maximum permissible concentrated load applied at mid length of the beam (between B and C), in addition to the existing w (without Δw). (10 points)

Calculations and/or Diagrams:

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Calculations and/or Diagrams (cont'd):

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