

3.42 For plane A since the plane passes through the origin of the coordinate system as shown, we will move the origin of the coordinate system one unit cell distance vertically along the  $z$  axis; thus, this is a  $(21\bar{1})$  plane, as summarized below.

	$\underline{x}$	$\underline{y}$	$\underline{z}$
Intercepts	$\frac{a}{2}$	$b$	$-c$
Intercepts in terms of $a$ , $b$ , and $c$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$-1$
Reciprocals of intercepts	2	1	$-1$
Reduction	not necessary		
Enclosure	$(21\bar{1})$		

For plane B, since the plane passes through the origin of the coordinate system as shown, we will move the origin one unit cell distance vertically along the  $z$  axis; this is a  $(02\bar{1})$  plane, as summarized below.

	$\underline{x}$	$\underline{y}$	$\underline{z}$
Intercepts	$\infty a$	$\frac{b}{2}$	$-c$
Intercepts in terms of $a$ , $b$ , and $c$	$\infty$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-1$
Reciprocals of intercepts	0	2	$-1$
Reduction	not necessary		
Enclosure	$(02\bar{1})$		