

6.8 This problem asks us to compute the diameter of a cylindrical specimen of steel in order to allow an elongation of 0.38 mm. Employing Equations 6.1, 6.2, and 6.5, assuming that deformation is entirely elastic

$$\sigma = \frac{F}{A_0} = \frac{F}{\pi \left(\frac{d_0^2}{4} \right)} = E \frac{\Delta l}{l_0}$$

Or, solving for d_0

$$\begin{aligned} d_0 &= \sqrt{\frac{4 l_0 F}{\pi E \Delta l}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(4)(500 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m})(11,100 \text{ N})}{(\pi)(207 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2)(0.38 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m})}} \\ &= 9.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m} = 9.5 \text{ mm} \text{ (0.376 in.)} \end{aligned}$$