

6.7 (a) This portion of the problem calls for a determination of the maximum load that can be applied without plastic deformation ( $F_y$ ). Taking the yield strength to be 345 MPa, and employment of Equation 6.1 leads to

$$\begin{aligned} F_y &= \sigma_y A_0 = (345 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2)(130 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2) \\ &= 44,850 \text{ N} \quad (10,000 \text{ lb}_f) \end{aligned}$$

(b) The maximum length to which the sample may be deformed without plastic deformation is determined from Equations 6.2 and 6.5 as

$$\begin{aligned} l_i &= l_0 \left( 1 + \frac{\sigma}{E} \right) \\ &= (76 \text{ mm}) \left[ 1 + \frac{345 \text{ MPa}}{103 \times 10^3 \text{ MPa}} \right] = 76.25 \text{ mm} \quad (3.01 \text{ in.}) \end{aligned}$$