

12.33 (a) For a  $\text{Cu}^{2+}\text{O}^{2-}$  compound in which a small fraction of the copper ions exist as  $\text{Cu}^+$ , for each  $\text{Cu}^+$  formed there is one less positive charge introduced (or one more negative charge). In order to maintain charge neutrality, we must either add an additional positive charge or subtract a negative charge. This may be accomplished by either creating  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  interstitials or  $\text{O}^{2-}$  vacancies.

(b) There will be two  $\text{Cu}^+$  ions required for each of these defects.

(c) The chemical formula for this nonstoichiometric material is  $\text{Cu}_{1+x}\text{O}$  or  $\text{CuO}_{1-x}$ , where  $x$  is some small fraction.