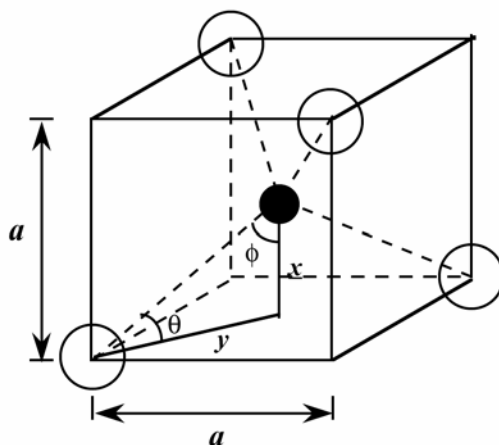


12.27 This problem asks for us to determine the angle between covalent bonds in the  $\text{SiO}_4^{4-}$  tetrahedron. Below is shown one such tetrahedron situated within a cube.



Now if we extend the base diagonal from one corner to the other, it is the case that

$$(2y)^2 = a^2 + a^2 = 2a^2$$

or

$$y = \frac{a\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

Furthermore,  $x = a/2$ , and

$$\tan \theta = \frac{x}{y} = \frac{a/2}{a\sqrt{2}/2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

From which

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = 35.26^\circ$$

Now, solving for the angle  $\phi$

$$\phi = 180^\circ - 90^\circ - 35.26^\circ = 54.74^\circ$$

Finally, the bond angle is just  $2\phi$ , or  $2\phi = (2)(54.74^\circ) = 109.48^\circ$ .