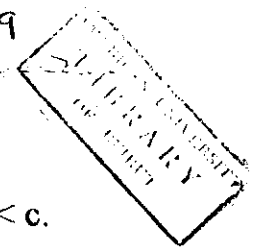
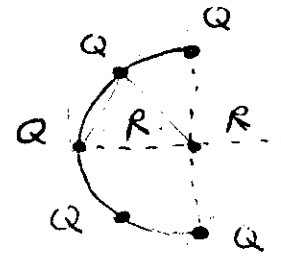


# PHYSICS 205 - FINAL EXAM

1. What is the ratio of the wavelengths of a 200 eV photon and a 200 eV electron?

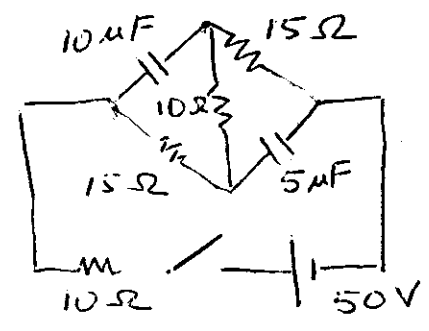
2. Five equal charges  $Q$  are equally spaced on a semicircle of radius  $R$ . Find the force on a charge  $q$  located as shown.



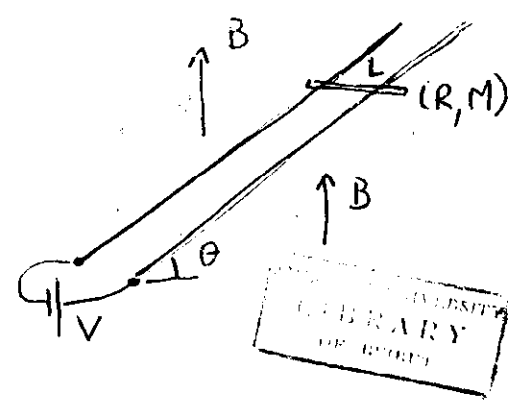
3. Three concentric spherical thin conducting shells have radii  $a < b < c$ . Initially the inner shell is not charged, the middle shell has a positive charge  $+Q$  and the outer shell has a negative charge  $-Q$ . Find the electric potential of the three shells.

4. Design a network of capacitors that has a capacitance of 2 nF and a breakdown voltage of 400 V using as many 2 nF capacitors that have individual breakdown voltages of 100 V as needed.

5. The capacitors in the circuit shown are initially uncharged. a) What is the initial battery current when the switch is closed. b) What is the battery current after a long time. c) What are the final charges on the capacitors?



6. A metal bar of mass  $M$ , resistance  $R$  and length  $L$  rides on a pair of long frictionless perfectly conducting rails that are inclined so that they make an angle  $\theta$  with the horizontal. The rails are connected to a battery  $V$ . The bar is released from rest in the presence of a vertical magnetic field  $B$ . Describe the subsequent motion. Find the final value of the current.



7. A series LRC circuit is driven at a frequency of 500 Hz. An oscilloscope measurement determines the phase angle between current and voltage to be  $75^\circ$ . If  $R=35\Omega$  and  $L=0.15$  H, Find  $C$ .

8. An X-ray undergoes scattering by a stationary free electron and emerges with a wavelength of 0.2 nm at an angle of  $100^\circ$ . What is the kinetic energy of the scattering electron?
9. What is the radius of  $^{56}\text{Fe}$  nucleus?
10. Find the binding energy per nucleon of  $^7\text{Li}$ .
11. The neutron decays into a proton. Write the equation for this decay. What the energy released in this decay? Where does this energy go?
12. The counting rate of a radioactive source is 8000/s at  $t=0$ . 10 min later the rate is 1000/s. What is: a) The half life, b) the decay constant and c) the count rate at  $t=30$  min?

atomic mass of (atomic mass units)

$$^7\text{Li} = 7.016004$$

$$^1\text{H} = 1.007825$$

$$\text{neutron} = 1.008665$$

$$\text{electron} = 0.000548$$

$$1 \text{ amu} = 931.5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

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