

QUIZ 1
Spring 2007-2008
(March 19, 2008)
CIVE311 - STRUCTURES I
CLOSED BOOK, 1 & 1/2 HOURS

Name: Key Key ID#: 007

NOTES

- 2 PROBLEMS- 14 PAGES.
- ALL YOUR ANSWERS SHOULD BE PROVIDED ON THE QUESTION SHEETS.
- **TWO EXTRA SHEETS IS PROVIDED AT THE END.**
- **ASK FOR ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF YOU NEED MORE SPACE.**
- SOME ANSWERS MAY REQUIRE MUCH LESS THAN THE SPACE PROVIDED.
- **DO NOT USE THE BACK OF THE SHEETS FOR ANSWERS.**
- DRAFT BOOKLET WILL BE PROVIDED; BUT DO NOT USE FOR ANSWERS.
- BOTH QUESTION SHEETS AND DRAFT BOOKLET SHOULD BE RETURNED.
- CHECK BOXES ARE TO CONFIRM THAT YOU HAVE SOLVED A QUESTION.

YOUR COMMENT(S)

Fair & Interesting

DO NOT WRITE IN THE SPACE BELOW

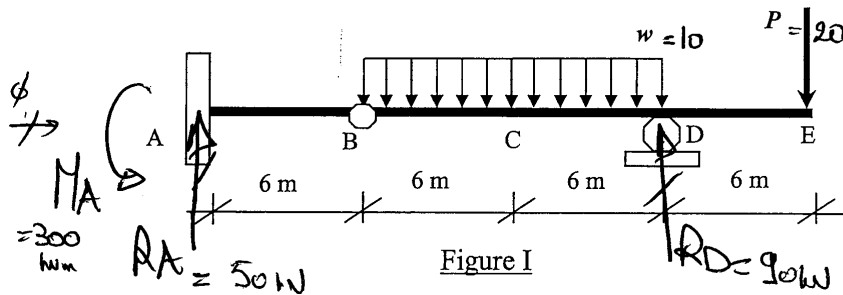
MY COMMENT(S)

OK

YOUR GRADE

Problem I:	60 / 60	⊕	bonus
Problem II:	40 / 40	⊕	
Other:	- ⊕	bonus	
TOTAL:	100 ⊕		/ 100

Problem I (for a student engineer): (60 points)

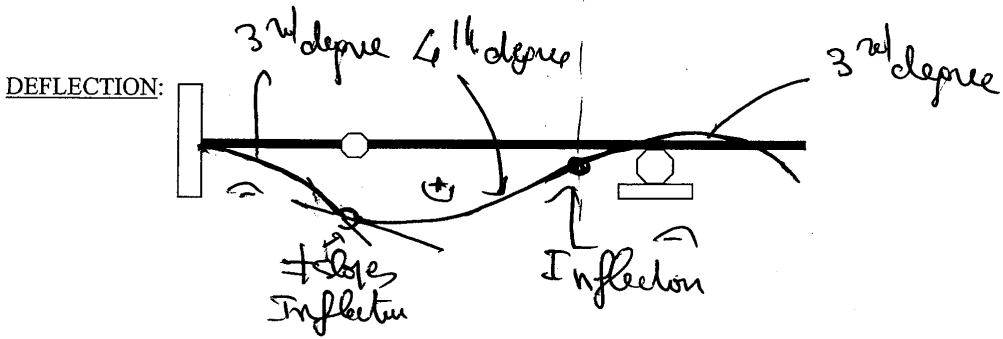
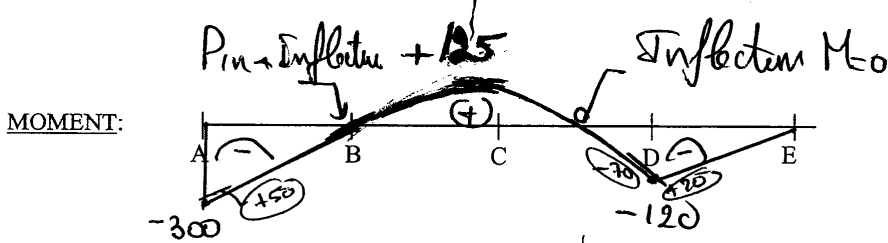
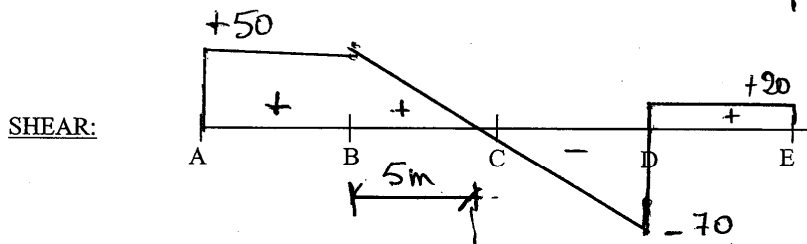


For the beam shown in Figure I, the own weight is neglected.

Your diagrams/sketches should include any feature/value you think is relevant or important.

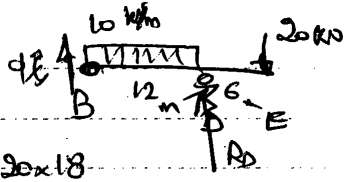
- Let $w=10$ kN/m and $P=20$ kN

Compute the reactions (forces and moments) in the beam, and draw the shear and bending moment diagrams; sketch the deflected shape. (20 points)



Calculations and/or Diagrams (cont'd):

Considering BE part:



$$\sum M_B = 0 \Rightarrow R_D \times 12 = \frac{10 \times 12^2}{2} + 20 \times 18$$

$$\Rightarrow R_D = \underline{\underline{90 \text{ kN} (\uparrow)}}$$

Considering AE:

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow R_A = -R_D + 10 \times 12 + 20 = \underline{\underline{50 \text{ kN} (\uparrow)}}$$

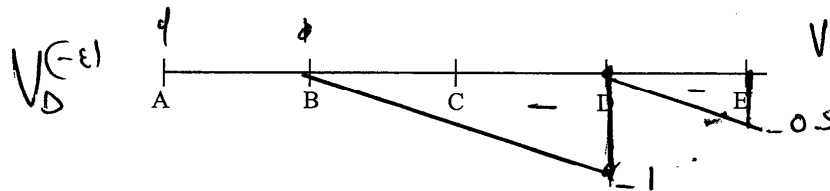
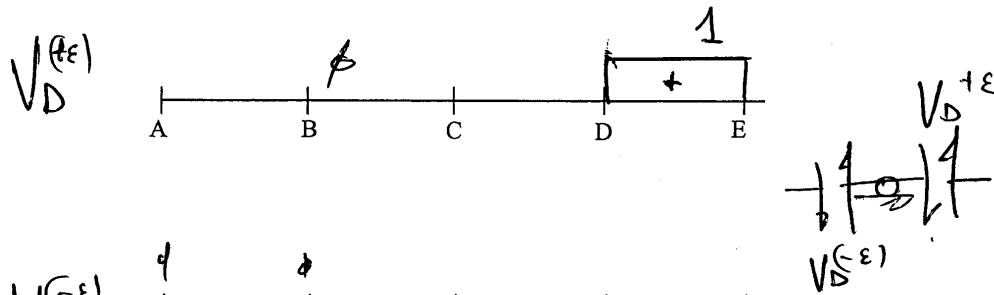
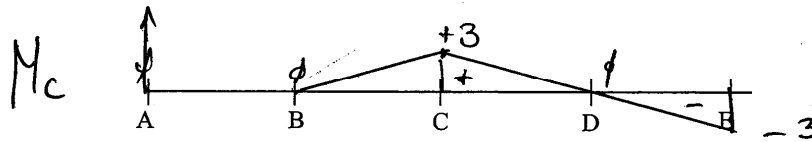
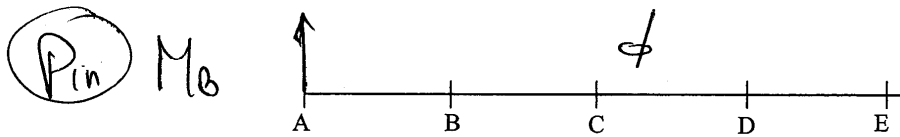
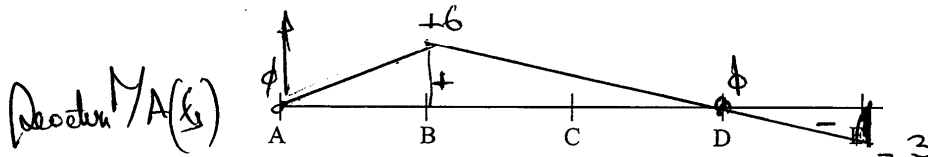
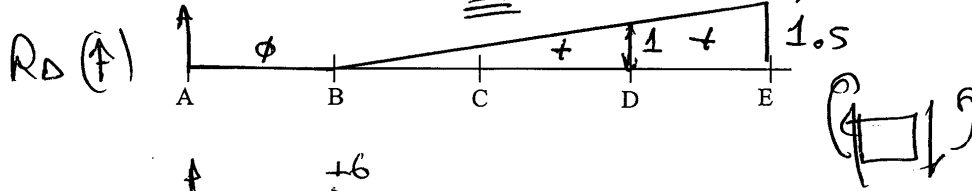
(AB) $\sum M_A = 0 \Rightarrow M_A = 50 \times 6$

$\underline{\underline{M_A = 300 \text{ kNm}}}$

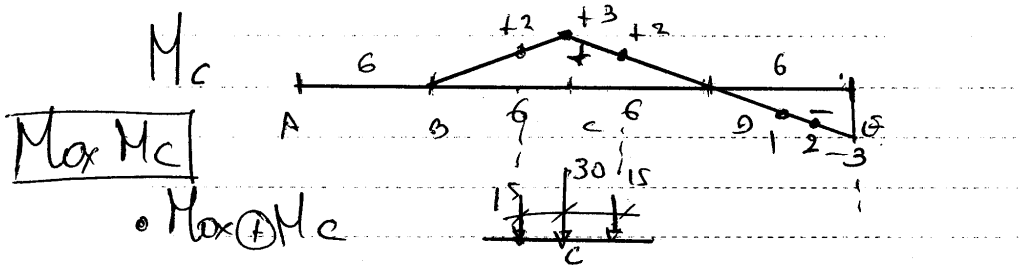
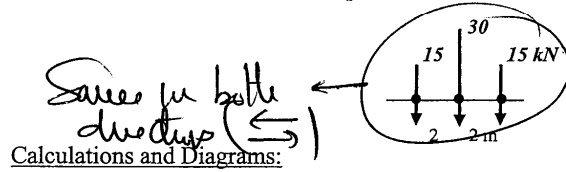
2. Referring to Figure I, draw the influence lines for R_B , R_D , M_A , M_B , M_C , and V_D . Draw in the order which you find appropriate. (30 points)

Calculations and Diagrams:

There is no reaction at B X



3. Compute the maximum value(s) of M_c for the truck load shown below, and show the corresponding position(s) of the truck. (5 points)
 Compute the maximum absolute positive moment that can ever occur between B and D for the truck load shown below. Compare with maximum M_c and briefly comment (5 points)



$$= 30 \times 3 + 15 \times 2 \times 2 = 150 \text{ kNm} \quad [M_{\oplus \text{ max}} = 150 \text{ kNm}]$$

$$\bullet \text{ Max } \ominus M_c \text{ (1)} = 30 \times (-2) + 15 \times (-3) + 15 \times (-1) = -120 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\text{(2)} = 30 \times (-3) + 15 \times (-2) = -120 \text{ kNm}$$

(1) & (2) are the same

$$[M_{\ominus \text{ max}} = -120 \text{ kNm}]$$

Max M_{abs} Positive

By inspection $M_{abs \text{ pos}} = M_{c \oplus \text{ max}}$

$$= +150 \text{ kNm}$$

(Centroid of forces is at 30m \leftarrow largest value)

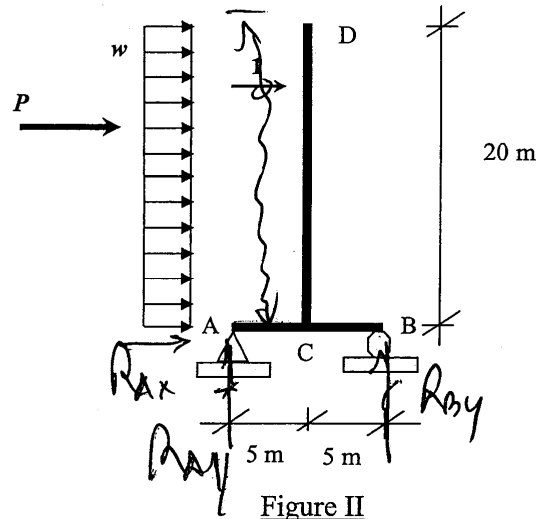
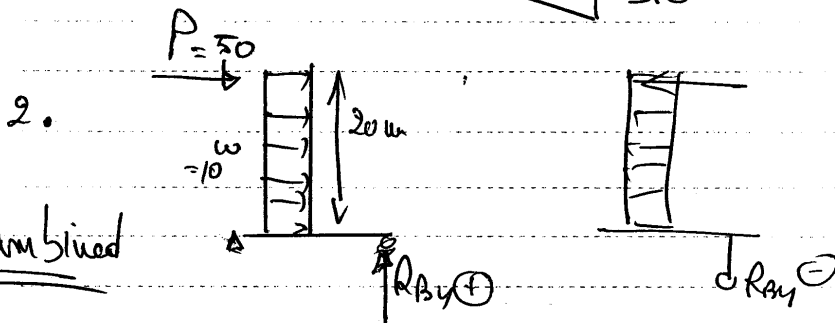
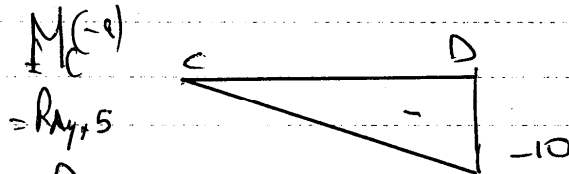
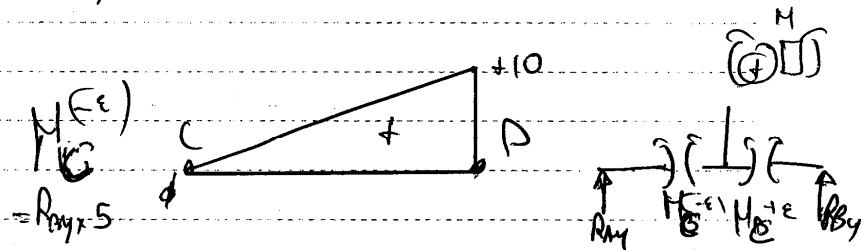
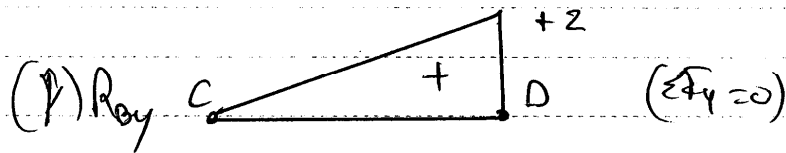
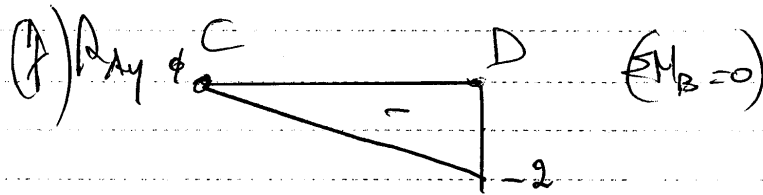
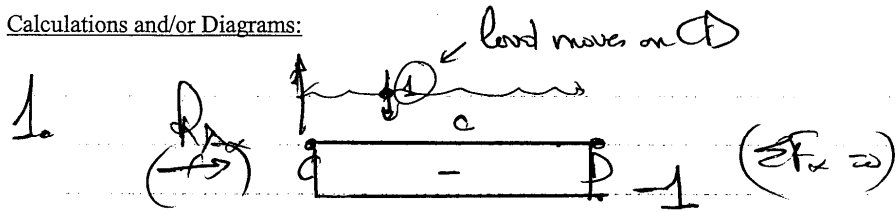
Problem II (for a professional engineer): (40 points)

Figure II

The reinforced concrete beam AB supports a reinforced concrete column monument CD as shown in Figure II.

1. Assuming that a horizontal unit load moves on the vertical column CD as shown in the figure, draw the influence lines for the reactions at A and B, and for the moment in the beam at C. (15 points)
2. For a combination of wind load $w=10 \text{ kN/m}$, and an impact force from a flying object $P=50 \text{ kN}$ that can hit the column at any location between C and D, and not considering the own weight of the system, calculate the maximum vertical reaction at B (Assume that w and P can hit in either directions – i.e. left to right, or right to left-, and that they can occur either individually or simultaneously). (15 points)
3. What should be the total weight of the system (beam and column) so that an uplift at B does not occur. In this case, choose a suitable square cross-section for the beam and column that will prevent the uplift (same cross-section for beam and column) given that the density of concrete is 25 kN/m^3 . (10 points)

Calculations and/or Diagrams:



with P and fixed

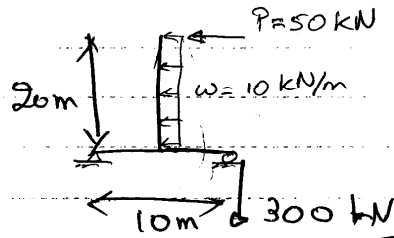
$$M_{\text{fix}} \oplus R_{Ay} (\uparrow) = 50 \times 2 + 10 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \times (2) \times (20) = 300 \text{ kN} \quad (\uparrow)$$

$$M_{\text{fix}} \ominus R_{Ay} (\downarrow) = - \left(\sim 10 \right) = 300 \text{ kN} \quad (\downarrow)$$



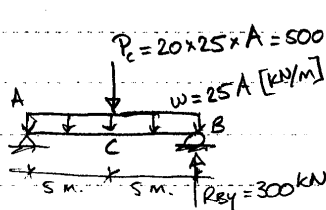
Calculations and/or Diagrams (cont'd):

No Uplift:
 $\gamma = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3$



In general

To prevent uplift $R_{By} \geq 300 \text{ kN} (\uparrow)$ due to system weight



$$\sum M_A = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$500A \times 5 + 25A \times 10 \times 5 = 300 \times 10$$

$$3750A = 3000$$

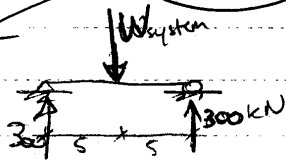
$$A = 0.8 \text{ m}^2$$

$$b = h = 0.4\sqrt{A} \approx 0.89 \text{ m} \rightarrow 0.9$$

$$W_{\text{system}} = 500A + 250A = 750A = 600 \text{ kN}$$

OR:

due to symmetry:



$$\sum M_A = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$W_s \times 5 = 300 \times 10 \Rightarrow W_s = 600 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Rightarrow W_{\text{system}} = 2 \times 300 \text{ kN} = 600 \text{ kN}$$

$$W_{\text{system}} = 750A = 600 \text{ kN}$$

$\hookrightarrow (30 \text{ m} \times 5)$

$$\Rightarrow A = 0.8 \text{ m}^2$$

$$a = \sqrt{0.8} = 0.895 \text{ m}$$

Use 90 x 90 cm (practical)

square

$$a = 90 \text{ cm}$$



$$a = 90 \text{ cm}$$

Solution

Courtesy of Carla Huizer — Thanks