

Problem 4.18 (White)

Conservation of mass in differential form is

$$\frac{D\rho}{Dt} + \rho \nabla \cdot \mathbf{u} = 0$$

or

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{u}) = 0$$

Noting that $\rho = \rho(t)$ and $\mathbf{u} = u(x, t)\hat{\mathbf{x}}$ where $u(x, t) = V(1 - x/L(t))$, then $\frac{d\rho}{dt} + \rho \frac{\partial u(x, t)}{\partial x} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{d\rho}{\rho} = \frac{V}{L(t)} dt$

Note, however, that $\rho_0 L_0 = \rho L$, then $\frac{d\rho}{\rho^2} = \frac{V}{\rho_0 L_0} dt$

Integrating from $t = 0$, at which $\rho = \rho_0$ to t , we get $\frac{1}{\rho_0} - \frac{1}{\rho} = \frac{Vt}{\rho_0 L_0}$ so that

$$\rho = \frac{\rho_0}{1 - Vt/L_0}.$$

Note that at $t = 0$, $\rho = \rho_0$ and when $t = L_0/V$ we get $\rho = \infty$, why?