



I- a) Sketch the digital signal waveforms corresponding to the binary numbers $A = 1101$, $B = 1001$ and their arithmetic sum $A + B$.

b) Compare the waveform of the sum to the output waveform of an **AND** gate with A and B as input signals.

II- a) Using only **NAND** gates, devise a circuit to perform **OR** logic.

b) Using only **NOR** gates, devise a circuit to perform **AND** logic.

III- What value should R be in Fig.1 (see last page) to set up a diode current of 0.25 mA ?

IV- Figure 2 has these circuit values: $V_s = 18 \text{ V}$, $V_z = 10 \text{ V}$, $R_s = 270 \Omega$, and $R_L = 1 \text{ k} \Omega$.

(a) Is the zener diode operating in the breakdown region? (b) If so, what does the zener current equal?

V- (a) Determine the collector-emitter voltage for the transistor in Fig.3.

(b) What advantage does such a circuit configuration present, as far as the transistor is concerned?

VI- The transistor switch circuit shown in Fig.4 is used to control the current through a relay coil.

The relay coil has a resistance of 200Ω and requires 20 mA to operate.

a) Does the transistor have to be in saturation to energize the relay coil? Explain.

b) If a $+4\text{-V}$ signal at the control input is to turn the relay on, what current is drawn from the source ($V_{BE(on)} = 0.6 \text{ V}$)?

c) What is the minimum value of β that the transistor must have to operate the relay?



VII- Evaluate E_{TH} in the circuit shown in Fig.5, as a function of time, for the marked values of circuit components.

VIII- Write the expression for the output voltage in terms of the input voltages for the circuit shown in Fig.6.

IX- What is the output voltage of the Op-Amp circuit in Fig.7?

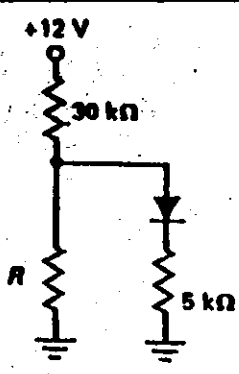


Fig. 1

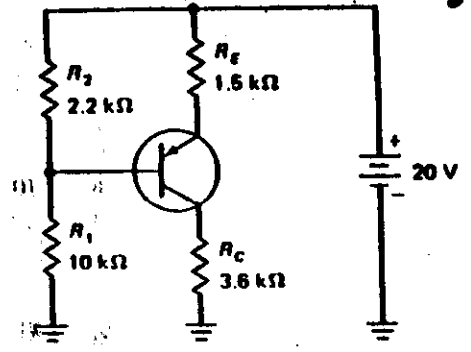


Fig. 3

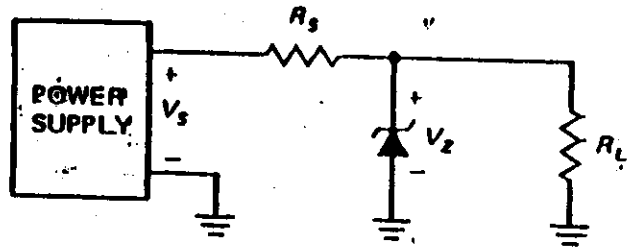


Fig. 2

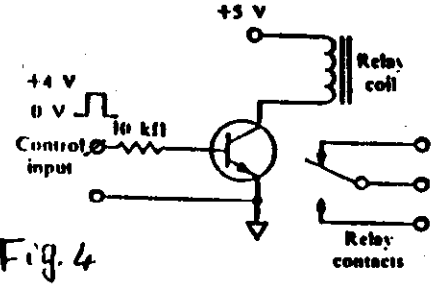


Fig. 4

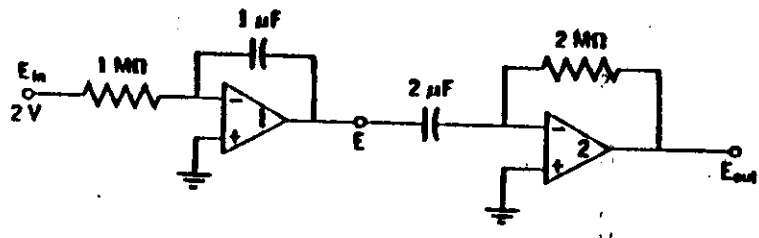


Fig. 5

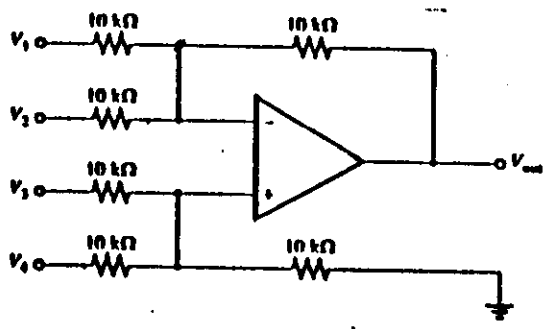


Fig. 6

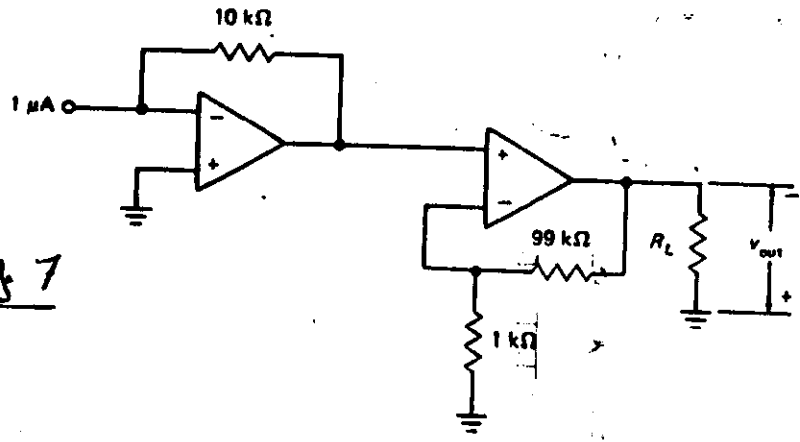


Fig. 7