



# Lecture 1

## Chapter 1: Computer Abstractions and Technology

These slides are based on Patterson and Hennessy's original slides

# The Computer Revolution

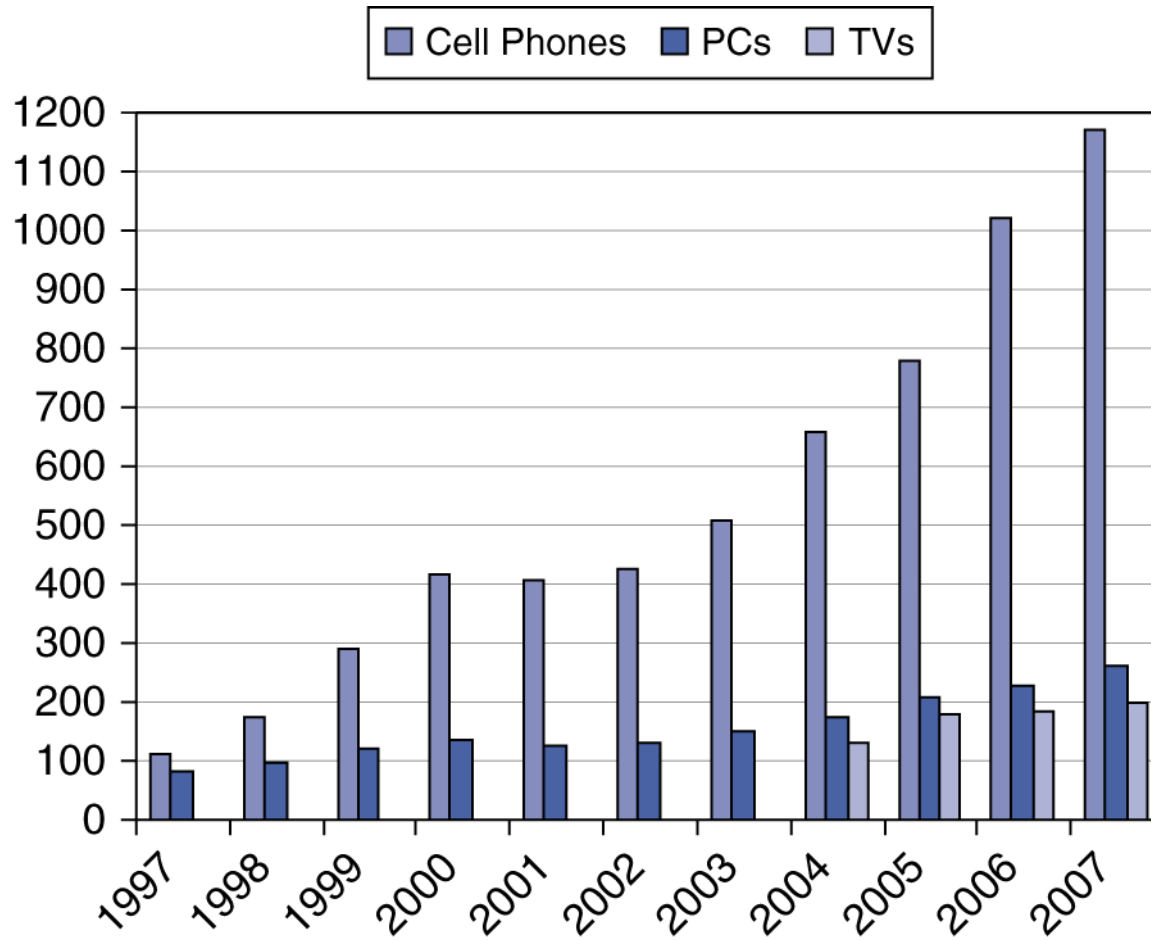
- Progress in computer technology
  - Underpinned by Moore's Law
- Makes novel applications feasible
  - Computers in automobiles
  - Cell phones
  - Human genome project
  - World Wide Web
  - Search Engines
- Computers are pervasive



# Classes of Computers

- Desktop computers
  - General purpose, variety of software
  - Subject to cost/performance tradeoff
- Server computers
  - Network based
  - High capacity, performance, reliability
  - Range from small servers to building sized
- Embedded computers
  - Hidden as components of systems
  - Stringent power/performance/cost constraints

# The Processor Market



# What You Will Learn

- How programs are translated into the machine language
  - And how the hardware executes them
- The hardware/software interface
- What determines program performance
  - And how it can be improved
- How hardware designers improve performance
- What is parallel processing

# Understanding Performance

- What impacts performance?

# Understanding Performance

- Algorithm
  - Determines number of operations executed
- Programming language, compiler, architecture
  - Determine number of machine instructions executed per operation
- Processor and memory system
  - Determine how fast instructions are executed
- I/O system (including OS)
  - Determines how fast I/O operations are executed