

Time : 90 Minutes

Chemistry 216
Final Examination

Feb. 7, 1998

Family Name _____

First Name _____

ID Number _____

Section _____

I. The following data table summarizes the measurements reported by a student in Experiment 5, "Ion Selective Electrodes", for the construction of a calibration curve by the Titration Method to determine the concentration of an unknown NaCl solution :

	$V_{\text{soln}}, \text{ml}$	$[\text{NaCl}], \text{M}$	Emf (mv) $\pm 5 \text{mv}$
1	25.00	0.00100	-172
2	(1) + 1.00	0.00481	-139
3	(2) + 1.00	0.00833	-128
4	(3) + 1.00	0.0116	-120
5	(4) + 1.00	0.0146	-113
6	(5) + 1.00	0.0175	-109
7	(6) + 1.00	0.0202	-106
8	(7) + 1.00	0.0226	-102
9	(8) + 1.00	0.0250	-100
10	(9) + 1.00	0.0272	-98

A. For each solution , calculate the ionic strength μ , the activity coefficient for the sodium ion , γ_{\pm} , using the Davies equation , and $\log a_{\text{Na}^+}$. Tabulate your results in the following table :

	μ	γ_{\pm}	a_{Na^+}	$\log a_{\text{Na}^+}$	Emf , mv
1					-172
2					-139
3					-128
4					-120
5					-113
6					-109
7					-106
8					-102
9					-100
10					-98

B. Plot Emf versus $\log a_{\text{Na}^+}$ on a millimeter graph paper . Determine , graphically , the slope and the intercept of the best straight line . Give the equation of the line on the graph paper . Label the axes clearly; also , indicate on the graph paper the value of the smallest scale division on each axis .

C. An unknown solution gave the following readings on the same potentiometer:

	<u>V_{unknown} (ml)</u>	<u>Emf (mv)</u>
Trial 1	25.00	-104
Trial 2	25.00	-106

i) Determine a_{Na^+} for the unknown solution from the calibration curve .

Show your method clearly :

ii) Estimate the γ_{Na^+} from section A ; calculate [Na⁺] in the unknown .

II. Given the following information :

Table 1 : % T of a 3.930×10^{-4} M $K_2Cr_2O_7$ solution

λ (nm)	% T (± 0.1)
440	66.0
545	99.0

Table 2: Molar absorptivities of $KMnO_4$ at different wavelengths

λ (nm)	ϵ $M^{-1} cm^{-1}$
440	122
545	2.20×10^3

Table 3 : % T of a mixture of $KMnO_4$ and $K_2Cr_2O_7$ solution of unknown concentration

λ (nm)	% T (± 0.1)
440	58.5
545	12.0

Calculate the molar concentrations of $KMnO_4$ and $K_2Cr_2O_7$ in the mixture. Show your method clearly

III. A. Give three important characteristics of a primary standard :

B. Name two primary standards :

C. Define buffer capacity as precisely as you can :

D. Calculate the masses of KH_2PO_4 and Na_2HPO_4 needed to prepare 250ml of a standard buffer of $\text{pH} = 6.86$ and a total concentration of 0.0100 M. $K_2(\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4) = 6.32 \times 10^{-8}$

E. Name the radiation source in the spectrophotometers you used in the visible region .