



Math 303—Final Exam (Fall 00)

B. Shayya

1. Let μ be a measure, $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots$ nonnegative measurable functions, and A_1, A_2, \dots positive numbers. Also let

$$B_l = \int |\varphi_l - A_l| d\mu.$$

Suppose

$$(i) \quad \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} A_l = \infty$$

$$(ii) \quad \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} B_l < \infty.$$

Prove that

$$\sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \varphi_l = \infty \quad \text{almost everywhere.}$$

2. Let μ be a measure on a set X . If f is a complex measurable function, put

$$\|f\|_{1,\infty} = \sup_{0 < t < \infty} t\mu(|f| > t)$$

$$\|f\|_0 = \int \frac{|f|}{1+|f|} d\mu.$$

Let the complex measurable functions f_1, f_2, \dots be such that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|f_n\|_{1,\infty} = 0.$$

If μ is finite, prove that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|f_n\|_0 = 0.$$

