

## American University of Beirut Final Examination

Economic Minerals Geology (306) Department of Geology Dr. A. M. Abdel-Rahman Jan. 28, 1997 Time: 2 hours Exam rules apply



## PART I

## Answer the following two questions in part I.

(MARKS)

- (20) 1.
- a. Concisely define or describe the following terms:
  - i) Pathfinder element
- ii) Connate water

iii) Skarn

iv) metallogenic province

v) Protore

- iv) Pseudosecondary fluid inclusion
- iiv) Noise and Signal (in geophysics)
- iiiv) Gossan
- b. Name the principle ore mineral for each of these ore deposits:

Cu, Mn, Zn, Sn, Ni, and Ag ore deposits.

- c. Metamorphic fluids: Describe source and evolution, chemical nature and role in ore formation.
- (20) 2. a. List the various types of ore-bearing fluids.
  - b. Explain why Cr-ores do not exist as hydrothermal deposits.
  - c. List the various types of geochemical samples.
  - d. The Zambian copper-belt is a world-class copper deposit of a chemical sedimentary origin:

    Describe this deposit, with emphasis on its metal source, zoning of minerals and sedimentary facies, and its origin and evolution.

## PART II

Answer only two of the following three questions in part II.

- (15) 3. a. List the various genetic types of ore deposits.
  - b. Describe the source and evolution (with examples) of ore deposits formed by



"Weathering". Describe the Nickel laterite deposit of New Caledonia.

- (15) 4. a. Silication and hydrolysis are important reactions to wall-rock alteration: Describe, and give examples (with chemical equations) for both reactions.
  - b. With the aid of a diagram, illustrate the relative position of the common "alteration assemblages" in terms of temperature versus  $\log (a_{K} + / a_{H} + )$ .
- (15) 5. Write an essay on the "Bushveld Complex of South Africa and its main ore deposits".