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92

## Part II. Solve the following problems

(15 points)

1. A damped harmonic oscillator is described by the equation  $\ddot{x} + 20\dot{x} + 1600x = 0$ . It starts its motion at  $t = 0$  from  $x_0 = 10\text{m}$  with an initial speed  $\dot{x}_0 = -5\text{m/s}$ .

- Write down the solution  $x(t)$  that obeys the given initial conditions.
- Determine the different features of the displacement solution, i.e. the time constant, the period if it exists.

a)  ~~$x(t) = X_m \cos(\omega' t + \phi)$~~  is the equation of a damped harmonic oscillator is given by:

$$x(t) = X_m e^{-bt/2m} \cos(\omega' t + \phi)$$

At  $t = 0, x_0 = 10\text{m}$

$$x(0) = 10 = X_m \cos \phi$$

$$v(t) = X_m \left[ \frac{-b}{2m} e^{-bt/2m} \cos(\omega' t + \phi) - \omega' e^{-bt/2m} \sin(\omega' t + \phi) \right]$$

$$v(0) = X_m \left[ \frac{-b}{2m} \cos \phi - \omega' \sin \phi \right] = -5$$

$$* -bv - kx = m x''$$

$$-bx' - kx = m x''$$

$$x'' + \frac{b}{m} x' + \frac{k}{m} x = 0$$

$$\frac{b}{m} = 20, \quad \frac{k}{m} = 1600$$

$$\omega' = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m} - \frac{b^2}{4m^2}} = \sqrt{1600 - \frac{1}{4}(20)^2} = 38.73 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$v(0) = -X_m \left[ 10 \cos \phi + 38.73 \sin \phi \right] = -5$$

$$x(0) = 10 = X_m \cos \phi$$

$$\frac{x(0)}{X_m} = \frac{-5}{10} = \frac{-X_m [10 \cos \phi + 38.73 \sin \phi]}{X_m \cos \phi}$$

$$0.5 \cos \phi = 10 \cos \phi + 38.73 \sin \phi$$

$$-9.5 \cos \phi = 38.73 \sin \phi$$

$$\tan \phi = \frac{-9.5}{38.73} = -0.245$$

$$\phi = -13.78^\circ$$

$$= 180^\circ - 13.78^\circ$$

$$= 166.2^\circ$$

$$2\pi \rightarrow 360^\circ$$

$$x \rightarrow 166.2^\circ$$

$$x = \phi = 2.9 \text{ rad.}$$

$$x(0) = 10 = X_m \cos(166.2) \Rightarrow X_m = |-10.29| \text{ (always +ve)}$$

$$= 10.29 \text{ m} \approx 10.3 \text{ m}$$

$$x(t) = 10.3 e^{-10t} \cos(38.73t + 2.9)$$

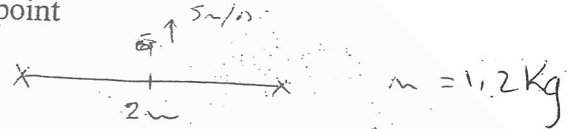
(sec)

b) ~~Period~~ Period:  $\omega = 2\pi f = \frac{2\pi}{T} \Rightarrow T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = 0.162 \text{ sec}$



3. A horizontal rope of mass 1.2 kg is fixed at both ends ( $x = 0$  and  $x = 2$  m). It is made to oscillate up and down at its fundamental mode, at frequency 5 Hz. At  $t = 0$ , the point  $x = 1$  m has zero displacement and is moving upward in the positive direction of a  $y$  axis with a transverse velocity of 5 m/s.

- What is the tension in the rope?
- Write the standing wave function for the fundamental mode obeying the initial conditions of the problem. What is the phase constant of the wave function?
- Determine the amplitude of the motion of that point



$m = 1.2 \text{ kg}$   
 $f = 5 \text{ Hz}$

a) The speed of the wave in the string is given by.

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{T}{\mu}} \Rightarrow v^2 \mu = T = (25) \left( \frac{1.2}{2} \right) = 15 \text{ N}$$

(6)

$$\mu = \frac{m}{L} = \frac{1.2 \text{ kg}}{2 \text{ m}} = 0.6 \text{ kg/m}$$

b)  $y = 2y_m \sin(kx) \cos(\omega t)$  (2)

$$y(x,t) = 2y_m \sin(kx) \cos(\omega t)$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f = 2\pi \times 5 = 10\pi \text{ rad/s} \quad (2)$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad \text{and} \quad \lambda = v f = 5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ m}$$

At Fundamental Mode: ( $n=1$ )

$$f = \frac{v}{2L} \Rightarrow v = 5 \times 2 \times 2 = 20 \text{ m/s} \quad (2)$$

$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{v}{f} = \frac{20}{5} = 4 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} = \frac{2\pi}{4} = 0.5\pi \text{ m} \quad (2)$$

$$y(x,t) = 2y_m \sin(0.5\pi x) \cos(10\pi t)$$

Phase constant is  $\phi = \frac{3\pi}{2} \text{ rad}$  since  $\rightarrow$  prove



2) We replace  $x=1\text{m}$  and  $t=0$ ;

$$y = 2y_m \sin(0.5\pi) \cos(0 + \phi)$$

$$0 = 2y_m \sin(0.5\pi) \cos \phi$$

$$w = \frac{dy}{dt} = (10\pi) 2y_m \sin(0.5\pi x) \sin(10\pi t) \quad \checkmark$$

$$= -20\pi y_m \sin(0.5\pi x) \sin(10\pi t) \quad \checkmark$$

$$w \text{ at } (1,0) = -20\pi y_m \sin(0.5\pi) \sin(0 + \phi) = 5 \quad \checkmark$$



$$-20\pi y_m \sin \phi = 5 \quad \checkmark$$

$$0 = 2y_m \sin(0.5\pi) \cos \phi$$

then  $\phi = \frac{3\pi}{2}$  rad for part (b).

$$0 = 2y_m \sin(0.5\pi) \cos \phi$$

$$c) \frac{5}{-20\pi \sin \frac{3\pi}{2}} = y_m = 0.079 \text{ m.}$$

(b)