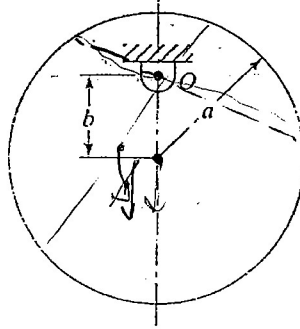


Name:

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MEN 330
EXAM 1
SPRING 2005

- 1) (20 pts) Find the natural frequency of oscillation of the system made up of a uniform circular disc pivoted at point O.



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$$\sum \tau_O = I_{eq} \ddot{\theta} \Rightarrow I_{eq} \ddot{\theta} = -k_t \theta \Rightarrow I_{eq} \ddot{\theta} + k_t \theta = 0 \quad X$$

~~$$I_{eq} = \frac{1}{2} m D^2 + m b^2$$~~

No spring here

$$\Rightarrow \omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k_t}{I_{eq}}}$$

$$I_{eq} = \frac{W D^2}{8g} + \frac{W}{g} b^2 = \frac{W D^2 + 8W b^2}{8g}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k_t}{\frac{W(D^2 + 8b^2)}{8g}}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{8g k_t}{W(D^2 + 8b^2)}} = \sqrt{\frac{8g k_t}{W(a^2 + 8b^2)}}$$

$$k_t = \frac{G J}{L} = \frac{\pi G d^4}{32 L}$$

~~$$\Rightarrow \omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{8g \pi G d^4}{32 L W (a^2 + 8b^2)}} \quad X$$~~

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{g \pi G d^4}{4L W (a^2 + 8b^2)}}$$

d = diameter of shaft X

- 2) (15 pts) A machine weighing 2000 N rests on a support. The support deflects about 5 cm as a result of the machine. The floor under the support is somewhat flexible and moves, because of the motion of a nearby machine, harmonically at resonance with an amplitude of 0.2 cm . Assume a damping ratio of $\zeta = 0.01$, and calculate the amplitude of the transmitted force and the amplitude of the transmitted displacement $\Rightarrow z$.

$$* F_T = k Y r^2 \left[\frac{1 + (2\zeta r)^2}{(1 - r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2} \right]^{1/2} \quad (1)$$

floor moves at resonance $\Rightarrow r = 1$. ✓

$$\zeta = 0.01$$

$$Y = 0.2\text{ cm} \quad \checkmark$$

* The support deflects about 5 cm as a result of machine resting on the support so, $k = \frac{2000\text{ N}}{5 \times 10^{-2}\text{ m}}$

$$\Rightarrow k = 40000 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}$$

$$\textcircled{1}: F_T = 40000 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}} (0.2 \times 10^{-2}\text{ m}) (1^2) \left[\frac{1 + (2 \times 0.01)^2}{0 + (2 \times 0.01)^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_T = 80\text{ N} \left[\frac{1.0004}{4 \times 10^{-4}} \right]^{1/2} \Rightarrow F_T = 4000.79992\text{ N}$$

F_T is the amplitude of the transmitted force.

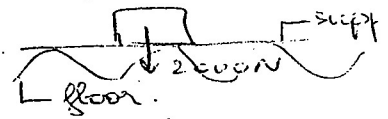
z is the amplitude of the transmitted displacement with,

$$z = Y \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{(1 - r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow z = 0.2 \times 10^{-2}\text{ (m)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{0 + (2(0.01))^2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{0.2 \times 10^{-2}\text{ (m)}}{2 \times 0.01}$$

$$\Rightarrow z = 0.1\text{ m.} \quad \checkmark$$



15.

- a) (15 pts) An electric motor weighing 750 lb and running at 1800 rpm is supported on four steel helical springs, each of which has eight active coils with a wire diameter of 0.25 in and a coil diameter of 3 in. The rotor has a weight of 100 lb with its center of mass located at a distance of 0.01 in from the axis of rotation. Find the amplitude of the force transmitted to the base of the motor. $G = 11 \times 10^6$ psi.

$$\omega = 1800 \text{ rpm} = \frac{1800 \times 2\pi}{60} = 188.4955 \text{ rad/s.}$$

$$m_c e = \frac{100 \text{ lb}}{32.2 \times 12 \text{ in/s}^2} \times 0.01 \text{ in} = 2.588 \times 10^{-3} \text{ lb}_m \cdot \text{in.}$$

$$F_0 = m_c e \omega^2 = 91.953$$

$$k_{\text{helical spring}} = \frac{G d^4}{8 n D^3} = \frac{11 \times 10^6 (\text{lb/in}^2) (0.25 \text{ in})^4}{8 (8) (3 \text{ in})^3} = k$$

Springs are in parallel so, $k_{\text{eq.}} = 4k = 99.465 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}}$

$$X = \frac{m_c e r^2}{\pi [(1-r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2]^{1/2}}$$

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$$\zeta = 0; \quad r = \frac{\omega}{\omega_n} = \frac{188.4955}{\sqrt{\frac{k_{\text{eq.}}}{M_{\text{motor}}}}} = \frac{188.4955}{\sqrt{\frac{99.465}{\frac{750}{32.2 \times 12}}}} \approx 26.33$$

$$\Rightarrow X = \frac{1.794452482}{\frac{750}{32.2 \times 12} (1 - 26.33^2)}$$

$$X \approx -1.3353 \times 10^{-3} \text{ in.}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_T = k_{\text{eq.}} X r^2 \left[\frac{1}{(1-r^2)^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$F_T = 99.465 (-1.3353 \times 10^{-3}) 26.33^2 \left[\frac{1}{1 - 26.33^2} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow F_T = 0.133007 \text{ lb}$$

F_T is the amplitude of the force transmitted to the base of the motor.