

NOTE 1: OPEN BOOK, OPEN NOTES.

NOTE 2: SHOW ALL WORK TO RECEIVE FULL CREDIT

1. 20 pts. A continuous-time signal is shown in Fig. P1. Sketch and label carefully each of the following signals.

- a)  $-2x(-2t + 5) - 2$   
b)  $2x(3t + 2)u(t - 2)$

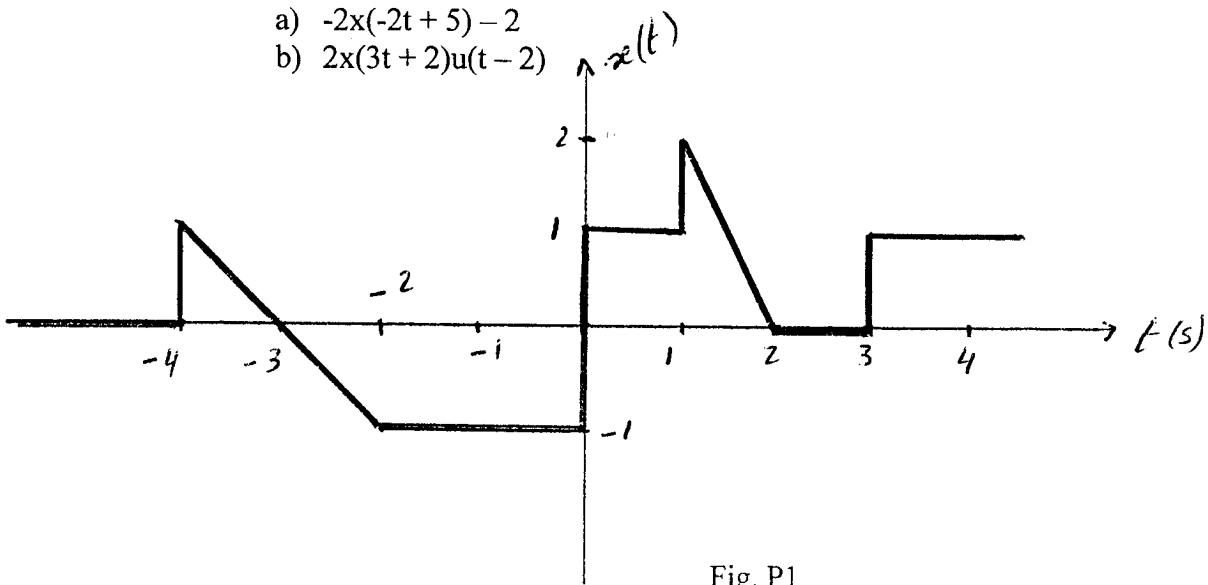


Fig. P1

2. 15 pts. Given the two signals in Fig. P2:

- a) Express  $x_1[n]$  as a function of  $x_2[n]$ .  
b) Verify your result by checking some points in time.

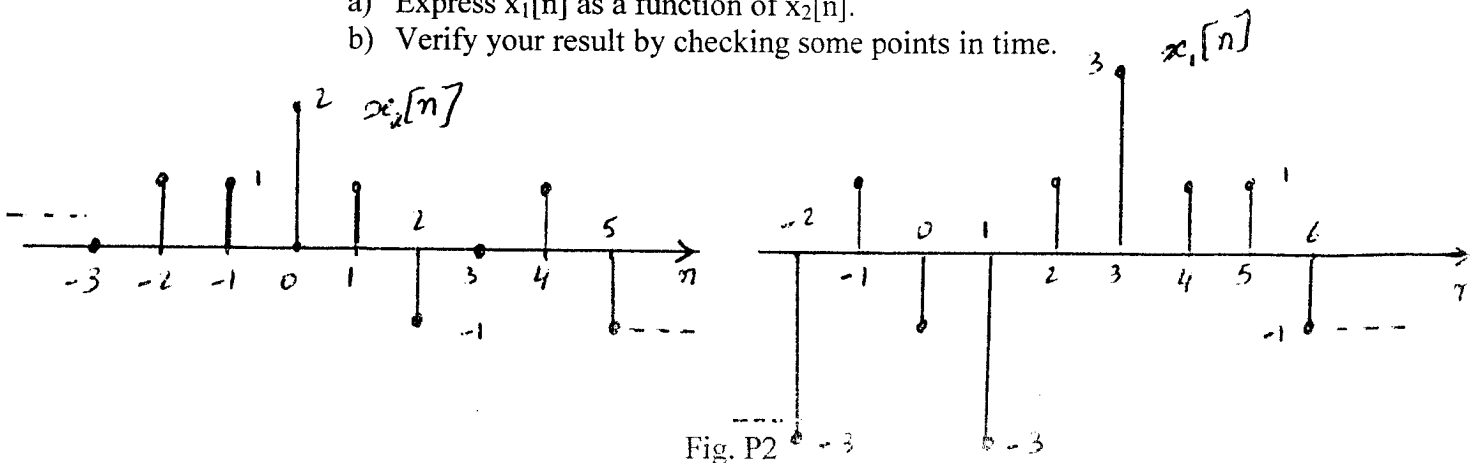


Fig. P2

3. 15 pts.

Given in Fig. P3 are the parts of a signal  $x(t)$  and its even part  $x_e(t)$ , for  $t \geq 0$  only; that is  $x(t)$  and  $x_e(t)$  for  $t < 0$  are not given. Complete the plots of  $x(t)$  and  $x_e(t)$ , and give a plot of the odd part,  $x_o(t)$ , of  $x(t)$ .

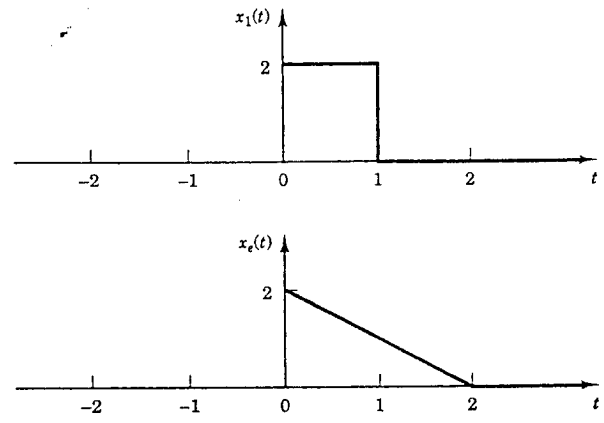


Fig. P3

4. 30 pts.

For the LTI system shown in Fig. P4, the input signal is  $x(t)$ , the output signal is  $y(t)$ , and the impulse response is  $h(t)$ . Use the convolution integral to find the output  $y(t)$ .

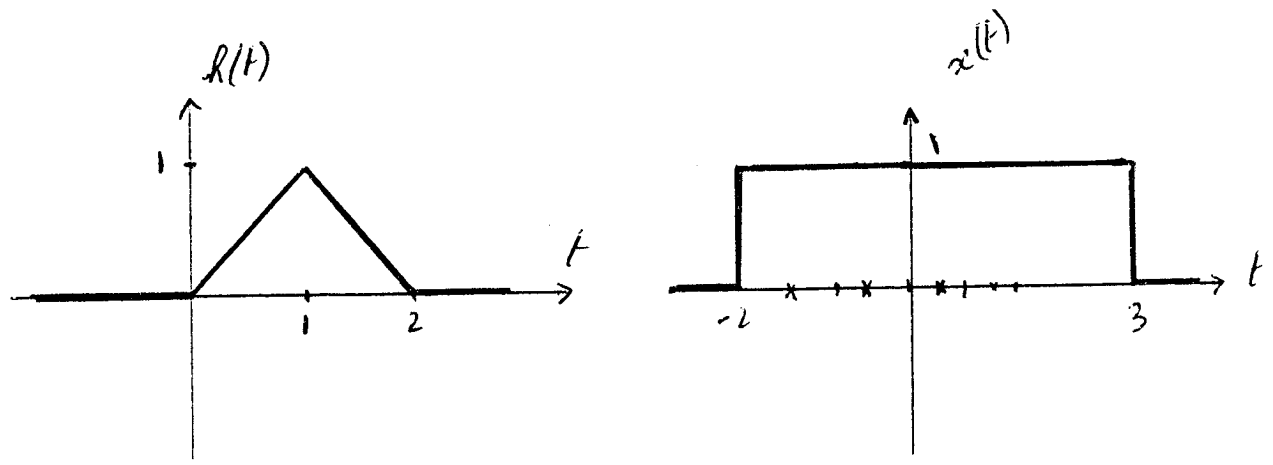


Fig. P4

5. 20 pts.

Consider an LTI system with the input and output related by  
 $y[n] = 0.5(x[n + 1] + x[n])$

- Find the system impulse response  $h[n]$ .
- Is this system causal? Why?
- Determine the system response  $y[n]$  for the input shown in Fig. P5(a).
- Consider the interconnections of the LTI systems given in Fig. P5(b), where  $h[n]$  is the function found in part (a). Find the impulse response of the total system.

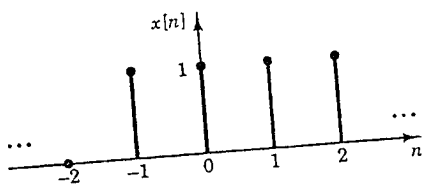


Fig. P5(a)

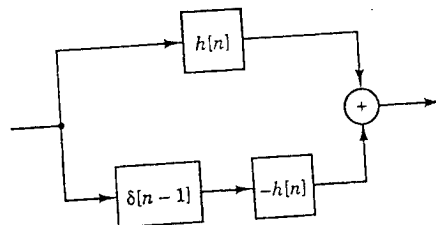


Fig. P5(b)