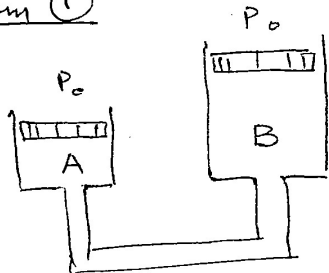


Problem ①



$g = 9.81 \text{ m/sec}^2$

outside pressure $P_0 = 100 \text{ kPa}$
 gas is contained in cylinders A & B

Cross sectional area:
 $A_A = 75 \text{ cm}^2$ $A_B = 25 \text{ cm}^2$

mass of pistons:

$m_A = 25 \text{ kg}$ $m_B = ?$

Find the mass m_B so that none of the pistons have to rest on the bottom.

Ref. 2.73/38

Problem ②

Ammonia in a piston/cylinder arrangement is at 700 kPa & 80°C . It is now cooled at constant pressure to saturated vapor (state 2) at which point the piston is locked with a pin. Cooling continues to -10°C (state 3). Show the process from 1 to 2 & 2 to 3 on a PV & TV diagram & label correctly.

Ref. 3.108/78

Problem ③

A piston/cylinder has 1.5 kg of air treated as ideal gas at 300 K & 150 kPa . It is now heated up in a two step process. First constant volume to 1022 K (state 2) then followed by constant pressure process to 1500 K . Find the final volume & work in the process.

Ref. 4.62/109

Problem ④

10 kg of H_2O in a piston/cylinder arrangement exist @ 100 kPa & 50% quality. The system is now heated so that the volume triples. The mass of the piston is such that a cylinder pressure of 200 kPa will float it. Find the final temperature & heat transfer in the process.



Figure
 P. 4.68/110

Reference. 5.6/150