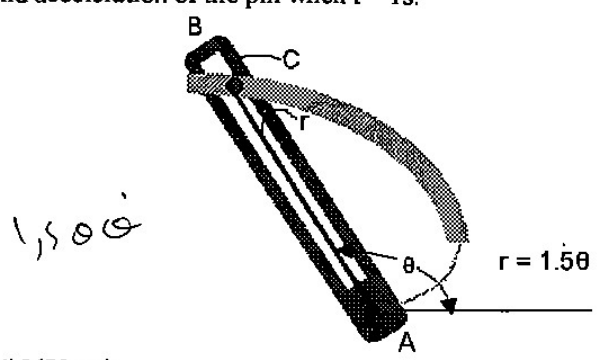




Notre Dame University, Department of Mechanical Engineering
 Test #1-MEN101 (Dynamics) Closed book: 60 minutes
 Dr. Gabi Nehme, PhD Spring-2006

Problem # 1(50pts)

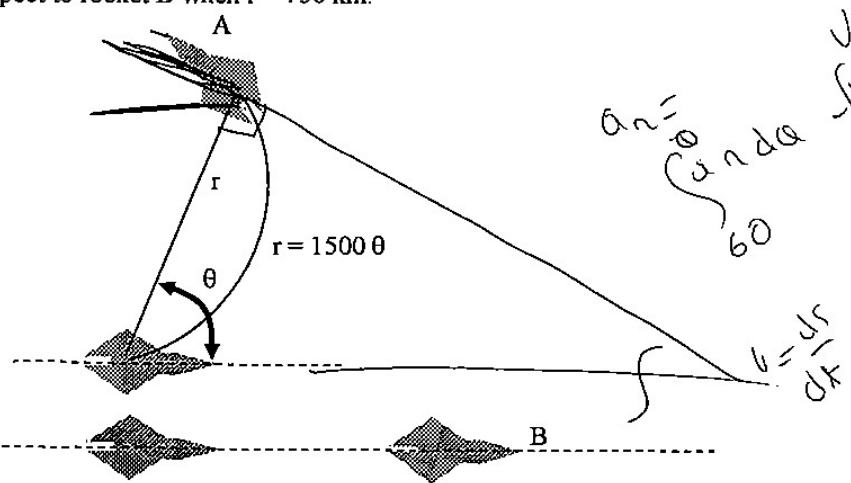
The slotted arm AB drives the pin C through the spiral groove described by the equation $r = (1.5\theta)$ ft, where θ is in radians. If the arm starts from rest when $\theta = 60^\circ$ and is driven at an angular rate $\dot{\theta} = (4t)$ rad/s, where t is in seconds, determine the radial and θ of velocity and acceleration of the pin when $t = 1$ s.



$a_{\theta} = \ddot{\theta} = 4$
 $v_{\theta} = \dot{\theta} = 1.50(4)$
 $v_{\theta} = 1.50 \times 4$

Problem # 2(50pts)

Two rockets A and B are flying side by side at a constant speed of 900 km/hr. Maintaining this speed, rocket A begins to travel along the spiral path $r = (1500\theta)$ km, where θ is in radians, whereas rocket B continues to fly in a straight line. Find the speed of rocket A with respect to rocket B when $r = 750$ km.



$a_{\theta} = \int \ddot{\theta} d\theta = \int \frac{v}{r} dv$

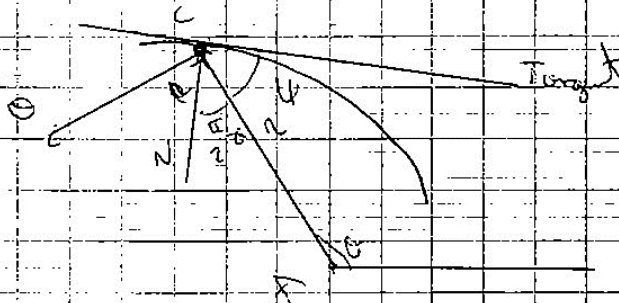
$\int 3,50 \times 1,50 d\theta$

$\int a_{\theta} d\theta$

100

$a = \frac{dv}{dt}$
 $\int_0^{\pi} a dt = \int_0^v dv$

Problem #1



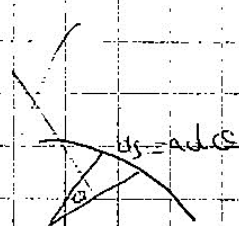
let's first find ϕ : $\tan \phi = \frac{r}{r \cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\cos 60^\circ} = 2$

~~cut~~

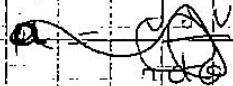
$\Sigma F_r = m a_r \rightarrow \frac{N}{r} \cos \theta = \frac{v^2}{r} = \frac{4 \text{ m/s}^2}{1} = 4$

$v_n = a = 1,5 \text{ m/s}^2 = 4 \times 1,5 = 6 \text{ m/s}^2$

$v_\theta = r \dot{\theta} = 1,5 \times 4$



$a ds = v dv$



$\Rightarrow a \times 1,5 \times d\theta = v dv \quad v=6$

$\dot{\theta} = \ddot{\theta} + 2\dot{\theta}^2$
 $= 1,5 \times 1 + 2 \times 1,5 \times 16$
 $= 1,5 + 48 = 49,5$

$$\Rightarrow 7,35 \cdot 0 \times 1,50 \, d\alpha = 60 \, dV$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{60^\circ}^0 0,375 \, d\alpha = \int_0^{60} dV$$

$$\Rightarrow 0,375 \times \frac{\alpha^2}{2} = 60$$

$$\frac{0,375 \times \alpha^2}{2} = 10,375 \times \frac{\alpha^2}{18} = 60$$

$$\Rightarrow 9,875 \alpha^2 - 10,07 = 60 = 0$$

$$\alpha^2 - 1,096 \alpha - 0,653 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = 1,52 \, \text{rad} = 87^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow v_a = 1,52 \times 6 = 9,12 \, \text{ft/s}$$

$$v_b = 4,12 \, \text{ft/s}$$

$$a_a = \dot{\alpha} \cdot a_c^2 = 1,5 \dot{\alpha} + 1,5 \alpha \dot{\alpha} = 8,8 \, \text{ft/s}^2$$

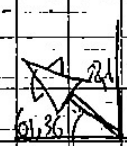
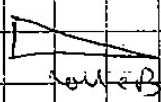
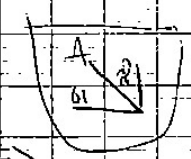
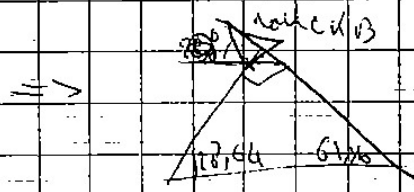
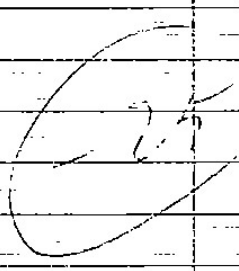
$$a_b = 7,35 \times 1,52 = 11,42 \, \text{ft/s}^2$$



Problem #2: bullet A:

~~$v_A = 900 \hat{i}$~~

when $A = 750 \text{ km/s}$ is $\frac{750 \text{ km}}{1500 \text{ km}} = 0.5 \text{ rad} = 28.64^\circ$



~~$v_A = 900 \hat{i} = 500 \times 1.8 \times \frac{A}{1500}$~~

$\Rightarrow v_A = 900 \hat{i} = 900 \Rightarrow \hat{i} = \frac{900}{750} = 1.2 \text{ w/s}$

$\Rightarrow v_A = \hat{i} = 1500 \hat{i} = 1500 \times 0.5 \text{ km/s} = 750 \text{ km/s}$

$\Rightarrow v_A = 900 \cos 28.64^\circ \hat{i} + 900 \sin 28.64^\circ \hat{j}$

and $v_B = 900 \hat{i}$

=>

$$\vec{v}_{A/B} = \vec{v}_A - \vec{v}_B$$

$$= (-900 \cos 64,34 + 900) \hat{i} + \hat{j} (900 \cos 64,34)$$

$$= 468,4 \hat{i} + 792,42 \hat{j}$$

mag $\rightarrow \vec{v}_{A/B} = \sqrt{468,4^2 + 792,42^2} = 929,5 \text{ km/hr}$

$$= \sqrt{468,4^2 + 792,42^2} = 929,5 \text{ km/hr}$$

Handwritten notes and diagrams on graph paper:

- Vertical text on the left: $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10^2 + \dots$
- Equations: $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10^2 = \dots$, $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10^2 = \dots$
- Diagram of a large irregular shape with internal labels: $(S_A + S_B + S_C) \times 10^2$, $(S_A + S_B + S_C) \times 10^2$, $(S_A + S_B + S_C) \times 10^2$.
- Vertical text on the right: $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10^2 = \dots$
- Bottom text: $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10^2 = \dots$