Notre Dame University Faculty of Natural & Applied Sciences Department of Sciences ENS 201 – Introduction to Environmental Science Sample- Final Exam

Multiple Choice Questions:

- 1- One of the most toxic substances that are considered as environmental hormones are
 - a. Fluorides
 - b. Dioxins
 - c. Arsenic
 - d. Asbestos
- 2- A method of waste disposal that will become increasingly important in the future is
 - a. Chemical detoxification
 - b. Incineration
 - c. Recycling
 - d. Dumping waste on your neighbors
- 3- A vital part of recycling is for
 - Manufactures to label what is the container quality
 - The recycling industries to know how a product should be recycled
 - c. Consumers to recognize a product that is recyclable
 - d. All of the above
- 4- Partially biodegraded vegetation, usually yard waste, often described as having the consistency and appearance of chocolate cake crumbs is called
 - a. Sludge
 - b. Compost
 - c. Slurry
 - d. Litter
- 5- Which of the following statement is false?
 - Water pollution has two underlying causes: industrialization and the human population explosion
 - Much of our water pollution comes from point sources, that occupy large areas and have many routes, known and unknown, into the water supply
 - Ground water usually becomes contaminated when polluted water percolates down through the soil into the ground water below
 - Pollutants discharged into deep lakes tend to accumulate because the water stays in one place for many years
- 6- Lakes relatively shallow
 - a. Oligotrophic lakes.
 - b. Poor food lakes.
 - c. Eutrophic lakes
 - d. Nonproductive lakes.
- 7- Water pollutants include
 - a. Soil sediments.
 - b. Leaves and twigs
 - c. Pesticides
 - d. All of the above

- 8- Detergents and fertilizers containing are important sources of nutrient pollution. a. Iron & calcium.
 - b. Calcium & Magnesium.

 - c. Phosphorus & Nitrates.
 - d. Sulfur & Nitrates.
- 9- We can become part of the solution instead of part of the pollution by
 - Educating ourselves and others about the sources of water pollution, and individually avoiding activities that contribute to the problem.
 - b. Voting for politicians who will ensure industries do not to dump their wastes into
 - Purchasing vegetables and fruits free of toxic chemicals forcing farmers to use less pasties and fertilizers.
 - d. All of the above.
- 10- Select the correct statement about worldwide human population growth
 - The human population is growing linearly.
 - The human population is growing exponentially.
 - The curve formed by human population growth is J-shaped.
 - d. (a) and (c).
 - e. (b) and (c).
- 11-CO2 is released into the atmosphere from
 - Aerobic respiration of organisms.
 - Extraction and burning of fossil fuels.
 - c. Volcanic eruptions.
 - d. Photosynthesis carried by plants.
 - e. All of the above.
 - (a), (b) and (c).
- 12- Which of the following statements is false?
 - Eroding soil and other particles washing into a lake can block sunlight to water, reducing photosynthesis.
 - Sediments can carry also pesticides into the water.
 - Warm water contains more Oxygen than cold, and water full of nutrients contains more Oxygen.
 - d. Plant nutrients washing into a lake can cause an increase in plant growth.
- 13- Most nonhazardous waste is
 - a. Burned, contaminating the air.
 - b. Dumped at sea, contaminating the ocean.
 - Deposited in landfills, contaminating the soil.
 - d. All of the above.
- 14- Which of the following statements is false?
 - Dumps prevent leakage by lining landfills with plastic or clay
 - b. Landfills generated methane.
 - The earlier produced plastics were biodegradable but now plastics are almost all nondegradable.
 - Toxic waste can inure or kill.

15-Biodegradable wastes

- a. Are natural products so they do not cause problems.
- b. Often accumulated and do not decompose
- Make up the biggest percent of today's wastes.
- Are decomposed by bacteria.
- 16- Lead is a metal element that is very poisonous and is now banned in developed countries in most products where it is used to occur, but there is still plenty of it around which is ingested
 - In water that has run through lead pipes.
 - b. In batteries.
 - c. In the air.
 - d. All of the above.
- 17- Toxic substances that cannot be broken down, either chemically or by decomposer organisms, or any other means are
 - a. Plastics.
 - b. Heavy metals.
 - Organic compounds.
 - d. All of the above.
- 18- Select the incorrect statement about LDCs
 - a. Account for most of the world's human population.
 - Use less of commercial energy compared to MDCs
 - Consume less of world's fossil fuel compared to MDCs
 - d. None of the above.
- 19- All of the following resources can not be recycled or reused except:
 - a. Coal.
 - b. Uranium.
 - c. Aluminum.
 - d. Sand.
- 20- The severity of a pollutant is determined by all except:
 - Its chemical nature
 - b. Its source
 - Its concentration
 - d. Its degradability
- 21-The impact of a population on the environment depends on
 - The population size
 - b. Average consumption of resources per individual
 - Technology used to produce and consume resources
 - d. All of the above
 - e. (a) and (b).
- 22- CFCs are believed to be harmful to the ozone because
 - Under the influence of UV, CFCs release reactive chlorine
 - b. CFCs may interact directly with O3 to release chlorine and O2
 - c. CFCs releases bromine which interacts with ozone and convert it to O2
 - d. One molecule of CFC can break down only one molecule of ozone

23- "Aquifer" refers to

- A body of surface water.
- b. Groundwater storage area
- c. Aquatic system
- d. Water locked in ice glaciers

24- Point sources of water pollution include all the following except

- a. Sewage treatment plants
- b. Factories
- Storm water runoff
- d. Offshore oil wells

25- "Eutrophication" in takes

- Correlates with oxygen depletion
- Caused by high levels of nitrates and phosphates in lake water
- c. Correlates with excess water in lakes
- d. All of the above
- e. A and B -

26-The effects of oil on ocean ecosystems depends on

- a. Type of oil
- b. Source of oil pollution
- c. Average water temperature
- d. All of the above
- e. A and C

27- Key factors that play a role in the formation of photochemical smog include

- Nitrogen oxides from automobile exhaust
- Volatile organic compounds (HCs) from many sources
- c. Sunlight.
- d. All of the above
- e. A and C

28- Asbestos is widely used in

- a. Plywood
- b. Paneling
- c. Insulation of heaters and pipes
- d. Uphoistery

29- Prolonged exposures to asbestos fibers may cause

- a. Cataracts
- b. Brain tumor
- Breathing difficulty
- d. Nausea and vomiting

30- Radon gas can be released from

- a. Unsealed foundation
- Building materials made from radon-rich deposits
- c. Soil cracks
- d. Aquifers though plumbing installations
- e. All of the above
- f. (a), (b) and (c)

- 31- Which of the following gases if released into the atmosphere contributes significantly to acid deposition?
 - a. Nitrogen dioxide
 - b. Carbon monoxide
 - c. Sulfur dioxide
 - d. All of the above
 - e. (a) and (c)
- 32- Which of the following gases most severely inhibits oxygen transport in animals when inhaled?
 - a. CO
 - b. NO
 - c. SO₂
 - d. CO₂
- 33- A reddish brown gas that gives photochemical smog its distinctive color is
 - a. Carbon dioxide
 - b. Nitrogen dioxide
 - c. Ozone
 - d. Methane
- 34- Natural sources of air pollution include the following
 - a. Forest fires
 - Eruption of volcances
 - Evaporation of sea spray
 - d. All of the above
 - e. None of the above
- 35- The frequency and severity of photochemical smog in an area depend on the
 - a. Local climate
 - b. Topography of the area
 - c. Density of the population
 - d. Amount of industry
 - e. All of the above
 - (a), (b) and (d)
- 36-A decrease of pH of rain by one unit compared to natural precipitation means that it has become
 - a. Ten times less acidic
 - b. Ten times more acidic
 Half as acidic

 - d. Hundred times more acidic
- 37- Air pollution contributes to several human diseases such as
 - a. Bronchitis
 - b. Ulcers
 - c. Skin burns
 - d. Asthma
 - e. All of the above
 - (a) and (d)

- 38- The most important indoor air pollutant(s) is (are)
 - a. Cigarette smoke
 - b. Asbestos
 - c. Formaldehyde
 - d. Peroxyacid nitrate
 - e. All of the above
 - f. (a), (b) and (c)
- 39- Radon gas is produced naturally from radioactive decay of the element
 - a. Radium
 - b. Rhodium
 - c. Vanadium
 - d. Uranium
 - e. Rubidium
- 40- Exposure to high levels of radioactive radon gas may make individuals at high risk of developing
 - a. Hyperactivity
 - b. Neurological disorders
 - C. Vision blindness
 - d. Lung cancer
 - e. Skin infections
- 41- Harmful effects of acid rain include
 - Washing away of soil nutrients
 - Damages to marble statues and buildings
 - c. Clogging of fish gills
 - d. All of the above
- 42- Our hearing is affected by
 - a. Natural processes of aging
 - b. A lifetime of noise
 - c. A lifetime of upper respiratory diseases
 - d. All of the above
 - e. (a) and (b)
- 43- The constant noise of modern industrialized cities can cause
 - a. Loss of hearing activity
 - b. Stress reactions
 - c. Low attention span and irritability
 - d. All of the above
- 44- Which of the following is not a Major Green House Gas?
 - a. Water vapor
 - b. CO2
 - c. SO₂
 - d. CH4
 - e. a and c
- 45-Which of the following statements regarding CO2 is Not True?
 - a. CO₂ is responsible for most of Global warming produced by human activities
 - The major sources are Land Clearing (25%) and Fossil Fuel Burning (75%)
 - An increasing fraction comes from motor vehicle exhaust
 - d. More CO₂ produced by Carbon Cycle → Cooling effect on climate
 - e. a, b and c

- 46- Methane is produced from:
 - a. Plastic foams and aerosol propellants
 - Breakdown of organic matter in moist places by anaerobic bacteria
 - c. Production of nylon bags
 - d. Fertilizers
 - e. None of the above
- 47- Which of the following is true about Earth's Climate and Temperature
 - Heat trapped by green house gases allows the present diversity of life found on earth
 - b. Change in temperature > 1 ° C leads to droughts and floods
 - Earth's climate is the result of complex reaction among sun, atmosphere, oceans, land and biosphere
 - d. b and c
 - e. a, b and c
- 48- Changes in climate as a result of human activities and natural-processes can lead to:
 - a. Increased rainfall and storms
 - b. Rising sea level
 - c. Floods
 - d. Droughts
 - e. All of the above
- 49- Which of the following statements regarding the 4 main projections of global temperature is not correct?
 - Earth's mean temperature will rise from 1.5-5.5°C
 - Using 4 models scientists estimate that we need to cut down on global CO2 emission by 60-80%
 - Temperature near the equator will rise more than the global average
 - Southern Hemisphere will warm more than the Northern Hemisphere because it contains more Oceans.
 - e. None of the above
- 50- Nitrous Oxide is produced from:
 - a. The decay of Uranium-238
 - b. Livestock wastes
 - c. Natural wetlands
 - d. Rice paddies
 - e. None of the above
- 51- Some possible effects of a warmer world include:
 - Shift in vegetation coverage (forests and planted areas)
 - Reduction in water supply
 - c. Massive wildfires
 - d. Threats to human health
 - e. All of the above
- 52- To slow down global warming:
 - a. Shift to renewable resources
 - Reduce deforestation
 - c. Improve energy efficiency
 - d. band c
 - e. a. b and c

53- CFC-11 and CFC-12 are

- a. Chemically stable, odorless, non flammable compounds
- b. Corrosive, cheap, and toxic
- Popular as coolants in air conditioners, propellants in aerosol spray cans
- d. a and c
- e. a, b and c

54- Which of the following statements in true regarding green house gases

- a. CFC's take 10-20 years to reach the stratosphere and generally they trap more heat per molecule than CO2
- Each molecule of CH₄ traps about 25 times heat molecule as much as CO₂
- N₂O can trap more heat per molecule the CFC
- d. a and b
- e. None of the above

55- Major substitutes for CFCs:

- a. Hydrochlorofluorocarbons
- b. Trichlorofluoromethane
- c. Dochlorofluoromethane
- d. b and c
- e. a, b and c

56- CFC's are not the only "Ozone Eaters" other "Ozone Eaters" include:

- a. Fumigants/ fire extinguishers
- b. Dry cleaning solvents
- Sterllants for hospital instruments
- d. Metal cleaning solvents
- e. All of the above

57- Which of the following compounds deplete ozone?

- a. Compounds that release Br and CI
- b. Methyl chloroform
- c. Carbon tetrachloride
- d. a and c
- e. a, b and c

58-Which of the following is true concerning ozone?

- a. Leaking air conditioners and refrigerators can contribute to O₃ depletion
- b. An increase in ozone depletion could lead to a drop in the yield of key food crops
- Currently the rate of O3 destruction in the stratosphere is equal to its rate of formation
- d. a and b
- e. a, b and c
- 59-Between 1990 and 1994, the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate change (!PCC) published evidence concerning past climate change, green house effect and changes in Global Temperature. All of the following statements constituted current scientific consensus except:
 - Earth's average surface temperature has fluctuated considerably over geologic times including ice ages
 - Levels of CO2, CFC's methane and nitrous oxides have increased over the past 1600,000 yrs due to human activities
 - For the past 10,000 the temperature on earth had minor fluctuations which prevented drastic changes in nature of soil and vegetation
 - d. None of the above

- 60- Global warming pauses threats to human health due to:
 - a. Increase cataract cases
 - b. Increase fungal and yeast diseases
 - c. Spread of Tropical diseases (Malaria and Yellow Fever)
 - d. Band c
 - e. None of the above

61-Reusing:

- Extends resources supplies and reduces energy used and pollution more than recycling
- Can be thought of as a closed loop in which a product is reused for the same purpose it served before
- Can be thought of as an open loop in which a product is converted into another product of a different nature
- d. A and b
- e. A, b and c

62- Reusable items include all of the following except:

- a. Metal or plastic lunch boxes
- b. Glass beverage
- c. Plastic containers to store food
- d. Paper
- e. B and d

63- Compost can be used as:

- a. Soil fertilizer
- b. Topsoil cover
- c. Landfill cover
- d. Restorer of eroded soil
- e. All of the above

64- To ensure a good compost process:

- a. Control odors
- b. Overcome site problems
- Exclude toxic materials
- d. A and b
- e. A, b and c

65- Which of the following sentences regarding Reusing and Recycling is/are true:

- Recycling and Reusing are two processes by which waste and pollution can be reduced
- b. Reusing is more cost effective and consumes less energy than recycling
- c. All items that can be reused can be recycled
- d. A and b
- e. A, b and c

66-White recycling:

- It is more desirable to recycle items to be used for the same purpose as before recycling
- It is more desirable convert material into different products
- c. Wastes are be produced
- d. A and c
- e. B and c

67- Water uses worldwide:

- a. Used for irrigation
- b. For domestic and municipal use
- c. For oil and gas production, power plant cooling and industrial processes
- d. A and b
- e. All of the above

68- Urbanization can reduce areas recharged by water through:

- a. Construction
- b. Over cultivated land loss
- c. Building roads and pavements
- d. Cutting trees
- e. All of the above

69- The ocean:

- Receives most of precipitation
- b. Is the ultimate sink for much of the waste matter we produce
- Can dilute, disperse and degrade large amounts of raw sewage
- d. Band c
- e. All of the above

70-When oil is accidentally or deliberately released into the ocean:

- a. Can kill a number of aquatic animas
- Coats feathers of birds and marine mammals destroying their natural insulation and buoyancy
- c. Can suffocate craps and oysters
- d. A and b
- e. All of the above

71- When ground water becomes contaminated:

- It can cleanse itself of degradable wastes
- b. Contaminants can not effectively be diluted
- Contaminants can be effectively dispersed
- d. All of the above
- e. None of the above

72- Primary sewage treatment:

- a. Is a mechanical process that use screens to filter out debris
- Use chemically treated polymers to remove suspended solids thoroughly
- Is a series of specialized chemical and physical processes that remove specific pollutants left in the water after primary treatment
- d. Is a biological process in which serobic bacteria are used to remove biodegradable, oxygen demanding wastes
- e. None of the above

73- Shortages of freshwater could be caused by

- a. Dry climate
- Rapid population growth
- Less precipitation that normal
- d. Land degradation caused by deforestation
- e. All of the above

- 74- Select the incorrect statement about the carbon cycle
 - a. It determines the amount of CO₂ in the atmosphere
 b. Changes in the carbon cycle can affect climate

 - Changes in the carbon cycle can affect the types of life that can exist on the planet
 If the carbon cycle removes too much CO₂ from the atmosphere, the Earth will get warmer

Answer by Yes or No:

1-	Formaldehydes are very aggressive compounds that results from the
0	interaction of hydrocarbons and nitrogen.
3-	Oxygen is the most abundant gas in the atmosphere
	Volume of water vapor in the stratosphere is 1000 times less that the
	troposphere whereas volume is 1000 times more than the troposphere
4-	Each atom of CL released can convert 1,000,000 molecules of O ₃ to O ₂
5-	Burning oil and coal in large bollers with reasonable good pollution control
	devices decrease the problem of gray-air smog
6-	A sustainable yield is the highest rate at which a potentially renewable
-	resource can be used indefinitely its available supply
7-	The state of the s
	resources at very high rates leading to significant pollution, environmental degradation and
	resource depletion,
8-	In the Earth's Worldview, success depends on learning to cooperate with one
	another and with nature.
9-	The upper surface of the zone of saturation in an aquifer is the water table
10-	
	railroads
11-	Drawbacks of desailnation is cost
12-	Drawbacks of desalination is cost Water stress is due to shortages in annual precipitation
13-	The effect of oil spillage in the ocean persists much longer in warm waters
	compared to cold waters
	The sewage sludge is a concentrate of increased toxicity, that is why it should
	be incinerated and buried in secure landfills
15-	 The recovery of the marine life from exposure to oil, whether crude or refined
	takes 3 to 10 years respectively
16-	Polluting the oceans with the oily tarlike makes seals and seabirds die loosing
	their body heat
17-	Dysentery causing dehydration is caught from waters that are not
	contaminated with sewage
18-	Heavy metals are actually essential trace elements for our organism, but once
	they exceed the allowed concentrations they become toxic
19-	Chlorine when used in excess is not harmful, that is why it is used for
	disinfecting all kinds of waters
20-	Plastic cups & bags are behind the death of million seabirds & marine animals
	each year
	Natural waters might have dissolved ions in them reflecting the chemical
	composition of the aquifer where from they are extracted
22-	Skin cancer (Melanoma) is caused by global warming
23-	LCDs generate most of the poliution and wastes
24-	Forest trees, grass lands, wild animals and fertile soil are example of
	renewable resources
25-	Ozone is not an important component of photochemical smog
26-	Air in troposphere is calm as opposed to stratosphere
	appearance in summer of process to stratospilore