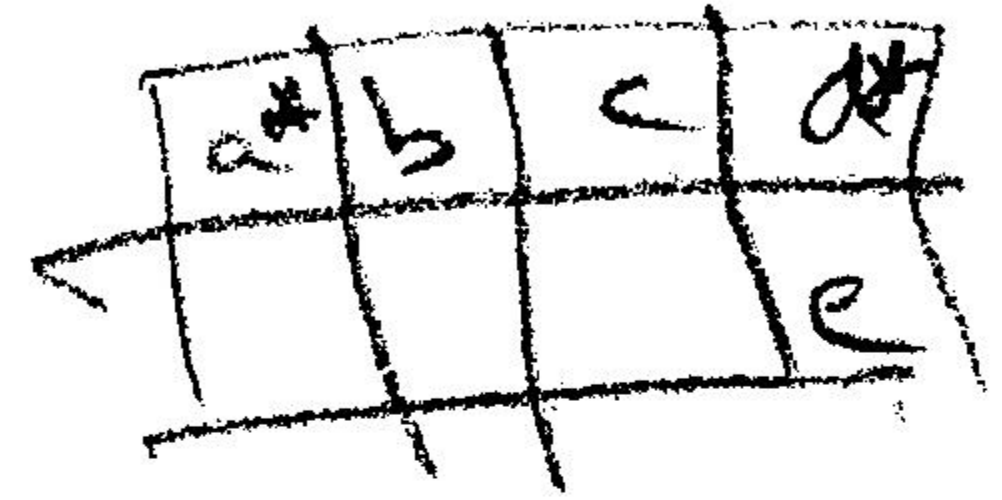
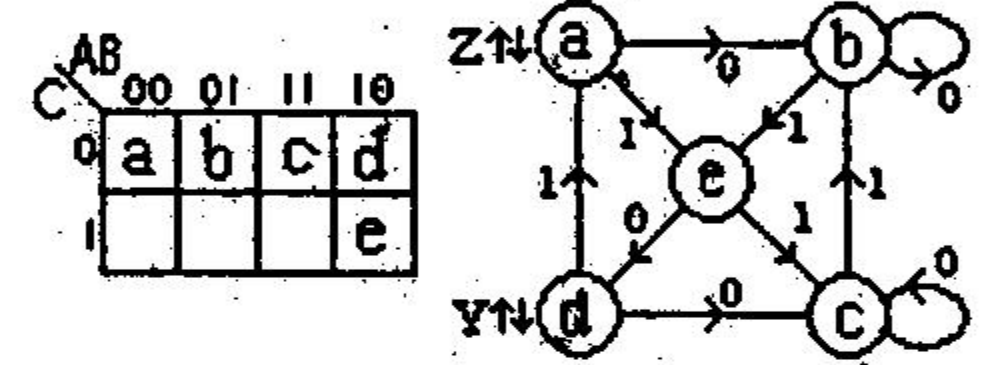


PHY 233
Quiz II



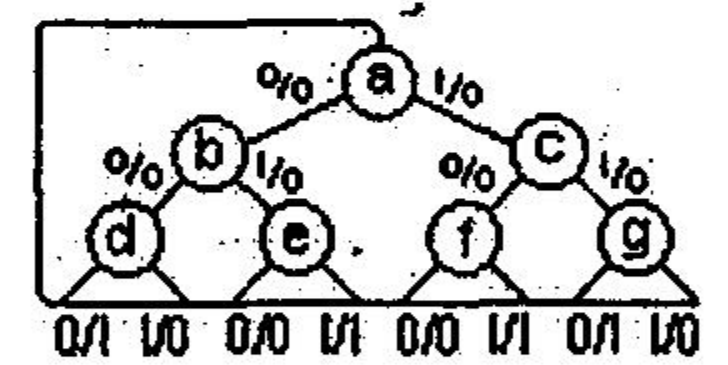
1. For the state transition diagram, check to see if the four principles and rules ~~is~~ satisfied by the state assignment map given.

(P1: 7pts., P2: 5pts., P3: 3pts., Rule1: 5pts. Total: 20 pts.)



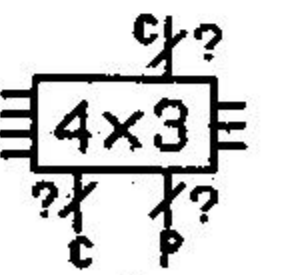
2. For the "Loose" state transition Diagram shown:

- a. Follow the method of partition to reduce the number of states. (Show all your steps explicitly) (15 p)
b. Draw the reduced state transition diagram. (5 p)

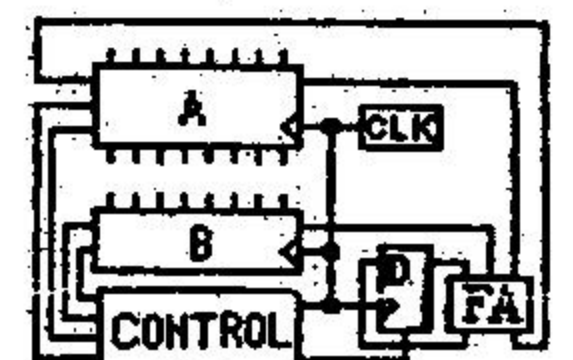


Answer two of the following three questions. Note: The third answer will be ignored. (2x15=30 p)

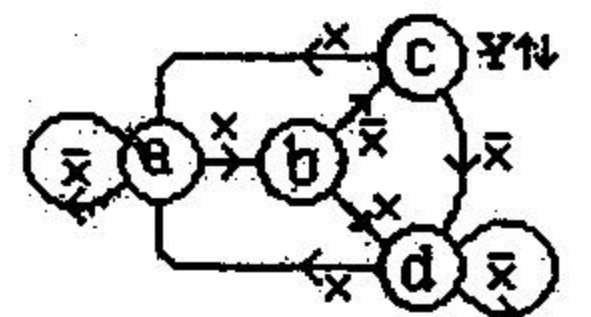
- 3A. Give the number of lines in each of the slashed lines of the 4x3 block shown. (6 pts.)
Show how two such blocks can be used to construct a 4x6 multiplier. (9 pts.)



- 3B. For the adder shown, identify the 9 single wires (other than CLK) that interconnect the blocks by labels like: Preset, Clear, Shift Left, Carry, etc. ... Assume that all the chips are already enabled.



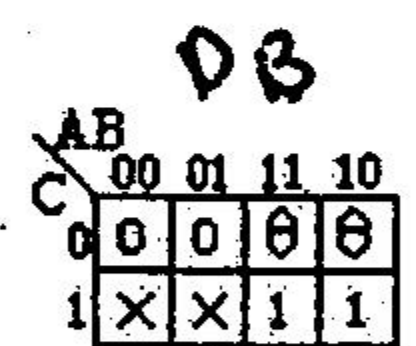
- 3C. Show how the State Transition Diagram can be realized using the ONE_HOT method. You may use gates or Multiplexers as you please.



3. Answer 5 of the following 8 questions briefly. Include a diagram wherever necessary.

Note: The 6th answer will be ignored. (6 x 5 = 30 p)

- a. Explain why it may be wise to use longer than necessary labels in state assignment?
b. From the technical (not logical) point of view, why is it necessary that each state has a next state?
c. Why do we expect to find an OR gate at the input control of each flip-flop of a binary counter that can count down to zero starting from a given arbitrary number?
d. ~~Define Clock Suppression and Alternate State Transition~~
e. Give the algorithm of a Successive Approximation Register (SAR)
f. Why is it unwise to branch on more than one asynchronous input?
g. ~~Define Functional Partition and Datapath~~
h. Convert the D_B map shown to J-K maps. (No need to calculate J & K)



Good Luck!

2x20 + 2x30 = 100

c 011
d 101
a 000
d (00)1
b 001
d 101