

LEBANESE AMERICAN UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND MATHEMATICS
MTH 201 - CALCULUS 3
EXAM 1 – FALL 2011

Instructors (circle one): Dr. Samer Habre Dr. Rony Touma
Dr. May Hamdan Dr. Leila Issa
Dr. Diane Nauffal

Duration: 75 minutes

Name:

ID#:

- This exam consists of 9 pages and 8 problems.
- Answer the questions below on the space provided. You can use the back pages for scratch or for more space for your answers. Please specify.
- Make sure you justify all your answers.

<u>Question Number</u>	<u>Grade</u>
1. 10%	
2. 12%	
3. 20%	
4. 12%	
5. 12%	
6. 10%	
7. 12%	
8. 12%	
TOTAL	

Problem 1: (10%) Evaluate the following limits

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2}{1 + 2x^2}\right)$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(e^x)}{e^{2x} + x}$

Problem 2: (12%)

(a) Simplify the following expression

$$\ln(\cosh 6x - \sinh 6x) + \ln(\cosh 3x + \sinh 3x)$$

(b) Evaluate

$$\int \frac{\sinh(\ln x)}{x} dx$$

Simplify your answer.

Problem 3: (20%) Evaluate the following integrals

(a) $\int \tan^{-1}(4x) dx$

(b) $\int \frac{1}{x^2+4x+5} dx$

Problem 4: (12%) Evaluate the following improper integrals

(a) $\int_2^4 \frac{1}{x^2-x-2} dx$

(b) $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(e^x+e^{-x})} dx$

Problem 5: (12%) Determine the convergence or divergence of the following improper integrals. Justify your answers.

(a) $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{(e^x+1)^2} dx$

(b) $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{e^x} dx$

Problem 6: (10%) Show that

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{\sin x + 2}{x^2} dx$$

converges, whereas

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{\sin x + 2}{x} dx$$

diverges.

Problem 7: (12%)

Find the values of p for which

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^p + 1}} dx$$

converges.

Justify your answer.

Problem 8: (12%) Determine if the following sequences converge or diverge. Justify your answers.

(a) $a_n = \frac{n \sin\left((2n-1)\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{n+1}$

(b) $a_n = \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)^n \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{n^2}}$