

1. Solve the following LDEC:

a)  $y'' - y = xe^x$  Undetermined Coefficients (15 pts)

b)  $y'' - 4y' + 4y = \frac{e^{2x}}{x^2}$  Variation of parameters (15 pts)

2. Solve the Cauchy-Euler DE:  $x^2 y'' - 4xy' + 4y = x^3$  (10 pts)

3. Solve the HLDEC:  $y^{(4)} - 16y = x^3 - 16$  (10 pts)

Formulas:

1)  $\mathcal{L}\{y'\} = s\mathcal{L}\{y\} - y(0)$

2)  $\mathcal{L}\{y''\} = s^2\mathcal{L}\{y\} - sy(0) - y'(0)$

3)  $\mathcal{L}\{e^{at}f(t)\} = F(s-a)$

4)  $\mathcal{L}\left\{\int_0^t f(x)dx\right\} = \frac{1}{s}\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$

5)  $\mathcal{L}\{U(t-a)f(t)\} = e^{-as}\mathcal{L}\{f(t+a)\}$

6)  $e^{-as}\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \mathcal{L}\{U(t-a)f(t-a)\}$

7)  $\mathcal{L}\{tf(t)\} = -F'(s)$

8)  $\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{f}{t}\right\} = \int_s^{+\infty} F(s)ds$

4. Using differentiation or integration, find the inverse Laplace Transform of

a)  $F(s) = \tan^{-1} s$

b)  $F(s) = \frac{2s+2}{(s^2+2s+5)^2}$  (15 pts)

5. Using Laplace transforms, solve the initial value problems

$y'' + y = \int_0^t y(t-u) \sin u du$ ,  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = 1$  (15 pts)

6. Using Laplace transforms, find the current  $i(t)$  in an RL-circuit

where  $i(0) = 0$ ,  $R = 2 \Omega$ ,  $L = 1$  henry and  $E = \begin{cases} e^{-2t} & \text{if } t < 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } t > 1 \end{cases}$  (15 pts)

7. Find the Laplace Transform of  $f(t) = \frac{\sin t}{t}$  (5 pts)

1. Find the current in an RLC-circuit, where  $R = 2 \Omega$ ,  $L = 1$  Henry,  $C = 1$  farad,  $E = 4 e^{-t}$  volts, Initial values:  $I(0) = 1$  and  $Q(0) = 1$ . Use the method of undetermined coefficients. (15 pts)

2. Solve the 10<sup>th</sup> order HLDEC :  $(D^2 + 4)^3 (D^2 - 2)^2 y = 0$  (7 pts)

3. Solve the Cauchy-Euler DE:  $x^3 y''' + 2x^2 y'' - 4xy' + 4y = x^3$  (13 pts)

4. Solve the following LDE:  $y'' - 2y' + 2y = \frac{e^x}{\cos x}$  (15 pts)

Formulas:

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1) $\mathcal{L}\{y'\} = s\mathcal{L}\{y\} - y(0)$             | 2) $\mathcal{L}\{y''\} = s^2\mathcal{L}\{y\} - sy(0) - y'(0)$                    |
| 3) $\mathcal{L}\{e^{at}f(t)\} = F(s-a)$                       | 4) $\mathcal{L}\left\{\int_0^t f(x) dx\right\} = \frac{1}{s}\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$ |
| 5) $\mathcal{L}\{U(t-a)f(t)\} = e^{-as}\mathcal{L}\{f(t+a)\}$ | 6) $e^{-as}\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \mathcal{L}\{U(t-a)f(t-a)\}$                    |
| 7) $\mathcal{L}\{tf(t)\} = -F'(s)$                            | 8) $\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{f}{t}\right\} = \int_s^{+\infty} F(s) ds$            |

5. Find the inverse Laplace Transform of

a)  $F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2+4s+6}$

b)  $F(s) = \frac{4}{s^4+4s^2}$

(10 pts)

6. Using Laplace transforms, solve the initial value problems

a)  $y'' + 3y' + 2y = U(t-2)$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$

(15 pts)

b)  $ty' + y = e^t$ ,  $y(0) = 1$

(15 pts)

7. Find the Laplace Transform of  $f(t) = \begin{cases} \cos t & \text{if } 0 < t < \pi/2 \\ (t - \pi/2)^{1/2} & \text{if } t > \pi/2 \end{cases}$

Given:  $\Gamma\left[\frac{1}{2}\right] = \sqrt{\pi}$ .

(10 pts)

Name:

-----

1. Solve the 7<sup>th</sup> order HLDEC :  $(D + 1)^3 (D^2 - 2D + 5)^2 y = 0$  ( 5 pts)

-----

2. Solve the differential equation:  $y'' + 2y' + (1 + a)y = 0$

Hint: The form of the solution depends on the values of a. (10 pts)

-----

3. Solve the following differential equations:

a)  $y^{(4)} - y'' = e^x$  (10 pts)

b)  $x^2 y'' - x y' + y = \frac{1}{x}$  ( $x > 0$ ) (10 pts)

c)  $y'' + y = \tan x$  (10 pts)

-----

4. A mass  $m = 0.5$  kg is attached to the lower end of a spring

with spring constant  $k = 2$ . If we compress the spring 0.10 m

and release it without initial velocity.

a) Find the position of the mass at the time  $t$ .

b) Find the period and the frequency. (10 pts)

-----

Turn Over

-----

**Formulas:**

1)  $\mathcal{L}\{y'\} = s\mathcal{L}\{y\} - y(0)$

2)  $\mathcal{L}\{y''\} = s^2\mathcal{L}\{y\} - sy(0) - y'(0)$

3)  $\mathcal{L}\{e^{at}f(t)\} = F(s-a)$

4)  $\mathcal{L}\left\{\int_0^t f(x) dx\right\} = \frac{1}{s}\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$

5)  $\mathcal{L}\{U(t-a)f(t)\} = e^{-as}\mathcal{L}\{f(t+a)\}$

6)  $e^{-as}\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \mathcal{L}\{U(t-a)f(t-a)\}$

7)  $\mathcal{L}\{tf(t)\} = -F'(s)$

8)  $\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{f}{t}\right\} = \int_s^{+\infty} F(s) ds$

In the following problems, use the Laplace transform method.

5. Solve the initial value problem  $\begin{cases} y'' - 4y = \delta(t-5) \\ y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 2 \end{cases}$  (10 pts)

6. Find the charge  $q(t)$  and the current  $i(t)$  in an LC-circuit,

where  $L = 2$  Henrys,  $C = \frac{1}{2}$  farad, and  $E = 3\sin(2t)$  volts.

Assume that the initial current and charge are 0. (10 pts)

7. Find the Laplace Transform of  $f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin t & \text{if } 0 < t < \pi/2 \\ 0 & \text{if } \frac{\pi}{2} < t < \pi \\ t\sqrt{t-\pi} & \text{if } t > \pi \end{cases}$

Given:  $\Gamma\left[\frac{1}{2}\right] = \sqrt{\pi}$ . (10 pts)

8. Find the inverse Laplace Transform of  $F(s) = \frac{2s}{(s^2+9)^2}$  (7 pts)

9. Find the Laplace Transform of:

a)  $f(t) = \frac{\sin t}{t}$

b)  $f(t) = \int_0^t \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$  (8 pts)